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OLD SERIES—VOL. LXIV—NO 3,273

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 26, 1899.

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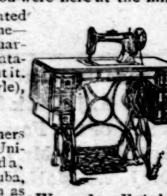

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A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and damp. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease It warms the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and is a certain cure for Chilblains and Frost bites. Try it *today.* Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE Address, Allen S. Olmstead, Le Roy, N. Y.

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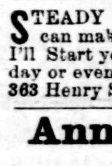

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Announcement.

We have purchased Mr. H. A. Rankin's entire stock of

Sash,
Doors,
Transoms,
Side-Lights,
&c.

In this lot are some sizes we do not usually carry in stock and which we will sell at

VERY LOW PRICES.

We would suggest to those who contemplate building or repairing that they call on us and select what they need before making window and door frames, as they can save money by making frames to suit these sizes.

To the ladies who wish to put up

China Closets

we would state that we have a few sets of Doors and Sash Doors at a low price, and if they wish a pit or hot bed we can furnish some odd size sash glazed to the extent of our stock of scrap glass at very low prices.

In addition to the above we have a car load of Sash and Doors, standard sizes, we are looking for daily, and when received we will be prepared to furnish anything in this line.

We offer for the next two weeks

ten per cent. reduction in
HEATING STOVES,

as we must make room for Spring stock of Agricultural Implements, &c., &c.
HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.
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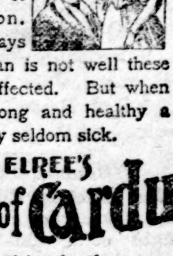
FOR ALL WOMEN

NINE-TENTHS of all the pain and sickness from which women suffer is caused by weakness or derangement in the organs of menstruation. Nearly always when a woman is not well these organs are affected. But when they are strong and healthy a woman is very seldom sick.



McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

Is nature's provision for the regulation of the menstrual function. It cures all "female troubles." It is equally effective for the girl in her teens, the young wife with domestic and maternal cares, and the woman approaching the period known as the "Change of Life." They all need it. They are all benefitted by it.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

THOS. J. COOPER, Tupelo, Miss., says: "My sister suffered from very irregular and painful menstruation and doctors could not relieve her. Wine of Cardui entirely cured her and also helped my mother through the Change of Life."

Substitute for H. B. 163, Introduced by Mr. Robinson, of Cumberland.

A BILL

To be entitled "An Act to Amend Chapter 235 of the Public Laws of 1897, and to submit the same as amended to a vote of the people of Cumberland County."

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Section 1. That section 2 of Chapter 235 of the Public Laws of 1897 be stricken out and the following substituted:

"Section 2. On the first Monday in March, 1899, or as soon thereafter as practicable, and annually thereafter, the members of the Board of Commissioners of Cumberland county, the Mayor and the Board of Audit and Finance of the City of Fayetteville, shall in joint session elect three suitable residents of Cumberland County who, when so elected, shall constitute the Dispensary Board for Cumberland county; but the Mayor, who shall preside at such meetings, shall not vote except in case of a tie. The compensation of the members of said Dispensary Board shall be one per centum to each of the net proceeds. All vacancies in the Dispensary Board shall be filled by the joint votes of the County Commissioners and the Mayor and Board of Audit and Finance in meeting assembled."

Section 2. That Section 3 of said Chapter 235 of the Public Laws of 1897, be amended as follows: strike out the first five lines of said Section 3 down to and including the word "Liquors" on the sixth line, and substitute the following for said lines: "The Dispensary Board of Cumberland County shall establish one dispensary in the City of Fayetteville, which shall be the only dispensary in Cumberland county for the sale of spirituous, vinous and malt liquors." Strike out the word "each" in the seventh line of said Section 3 and substitute the word "said" before the word "dispensary."

Section 3. That section 4 of said Chapter 235 be amended by striking out the words "and furnish" in line four down to and including the word "board" in line five, and striking out all of said Section 4 between the words "Fayetteville" in the eighth line and the words "said manager" in the fourteenth line. Strike out the words "the said treasurer" in the seventeenth line and insert in lieu thereof the following words: "the treasurers' of the City of Fayetteville and of the County of Cumberland, one half to each." Strike out the word "with" at the end of the seventeenth line and insert after the word "made" in the eighteenth line the following words: "shall be filed monthly with the treasurer of Cumberland County and shall be kept by months by said treasurer." In the nineteenth line of said Section 4 change the word "treasurer" to "treasurers." Strike out the words "the same" and insert the words "of all moneys received from the Dispensary." Strike out all after the word "same" in the nineteenth line beginning with the word "dispensers" in said line and including the remainder of said Section 4.

Section 4 Amend Section 7 of said Chapter 235 by adding after the word "excess" in the ninth line of said Section the following: "or if he knows that the liquor applied for is intended for the use of any such person."

Section 5. Amend Section 8 of said Chapter 235 by striking out all of said Section after the word "monthly" in the sixth line thereof and adding after said word "montly" the following: "the authorities of the County of Cumberland and of the City of Fayetteville shall exercise due diligence to enforce the provisions of this Act."

Section 6. Amend Section 10 of said Chapter 235 by adding the words "from what person, firm or corporation procured, together with the price per gallon (or otherwise, as the case may be)" between the word "procured" and the word "the" in the sixth line of said Section.

Section 7. Amend Section 13 of said Chapter 235 by adding thereto the following: "for the purposes of this Act the words "dispenser" and "Manager of the County Dispensary" shall mean the same thing; and the word "clerk" shall mean any person, other than the Dispenser, employed in the Dispensary.

Section 8. Said chapter 235 of the Public Laws of 1897 as amended by the provisions of this Act shall continue in full force and effect until the same shall be repealed by a majority of the qualified voters of Cumberland county voting "No dispensary" at the election herein provided for, to wit:

DISPENSARY ELECTION AND ITS MACHINERY.

Said chapter 235 of the Public Laws of 1897 as amended by this Act, shall be published in its amended form at least once a week for successive weeks in some newspaper published in Cumberland county, the last publication to fall within ten days of the election. Together with the foregoing publication it shall be the duty of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Cumberland county to advertise in the same newspaper, an election to be held by the voters of said county on the first Tuesday in June, 1899. For said election there shall be a new registration and the registration and election provided for under this Act shall be held and conducted, as near as may be, under and by the terms of the election laws of the State of North Carolina in force at the time of said registration and election. (The ballots to be used at said election shall contain the words "For Dispensary" or "No Dispensary."

Section 9. In case of a repeal of the Dispensary Law as provided for by this Act, the County of Cumberland and State of North Carolina shall receive the same license fees from all licensed liquor dealers as are paid by licensed liquor dealers in the other counties of this State under the General Revenue Act and other laws of the State of North Carolina. And the city of Fayetteville shall receive for wholesale liquor licenses such sum as may be fixed by the board of aldermen of said city and for retail liquor licenses the amount fixed by its board of aldermen as prescribed by its Charter, and no license to sell liquors outside of the corporate limits of the city of Fayetteville shall be granted.

Section 10. In case the majority of the qualified voters at said election shall vote "For Dispensary," said Chapter 235 of Public Laws of 1897 as amended by this Act shall continue in full force and effect; and in case the majority of the qualified voters shall vote "No Dispensary" said Dispensary shall be closed within twenty days after the official declaration of such result, and it shall thenceforth be unlawful for any person or persons to buy or retail liquors under the provisions of said Chapter 235 of the Public Laws of 1897 as amended by this Act; but the Dispensary Board or the Dispenser may sell the liquors which may then belong to the Dispensary at wholesale and actual cost and dispose of the other property of the said Dispensary in such way as may be deemed best and shall wind up its business as speedily as practicable.

Section 11. No license shall be granted to any one until he shall enter into a written agreement beforehand that in case license shall be granted him he will purchase from the Dispenser at actual cost not less than twenty per cent. of his stock so long as any liquors are left on hand in said Dispensary.

Section 12. all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are hereby repealed, and this Act shall be in full force and effect from and after its ratification.

Mr. Bryan at Springfield.

A Springfield, Ill., telegram says:

William Jennings Bryan arrived in Springfield at 4 o'clock this afternoon. He will leave for Jacksonville, Ill., tomorrow and will go to Cincinnati Friday. At 8 o'clock he addressed an immense audience in Central Music Hall. Touching the question of annexation, Mr. Bryan said:

"The party that was willing to oppose the gold standard because it was wrong, ought to be great enough to oppose an English colonial system because it is wrong. It is astonishing that any man living in this age of the world in the United States should uphold the doctrines of securing land by conquest. Jefferson was against it long years ago. Blaine was against it in 1890, and a year ago last December the President of the United States sent a message to congress and in that message he said: 'I speak not of forcible annexation because that is not to be thought of, and under our code of morality that would be criminal aggression.'

"My friends, there is a great moral question involved, declared so by your President; a codeof morality is in question and according to that code, forcible annexation is criminal aggression.

"I say, give independence to the people of Cuba, not because we promised it to them, but because they fought for it and have a right to it, whether we promised it or not. Why cannot we apply the same principle to the Philippines? Why should we purchase a title to the Phillippines from Spain? We declared that Spain did not have any title to Cuba. When I buy the Phillipinos I want to deal directly with them and I want to pay more than $2 50 a piece for them."

BRYAN AND FREE SILVER ENDORSED BY THE ILLINOIS STATE COMMITTEE.

The democratic central committee tonight declared itself for the Chicago platform and for William J. Bryan. Mr. Bryan was present and made an address, thanking the committeemen for the personal compliment and congratulating the organization on its declaration in favor of free and unlimited coinage.

The adoption of the resolutions endorsing silver and Mr. Bryan by unanimous vote was something of a surprise, for it was expected that several of the members of the committee, with leanings to the gold standard, would oppose any declaration in favor of the platform of 1896. C. K. Ladd, proxy for Benjamin T. Cable, who is generally regarded as a strong anti silver man, voted with the majority and stated that he did so at the request of Mr. Cable.

Aside from the declaration of party policy, the meeting of the committee was of interest because of the contest concerning its organization between the factions of Mayor Harrison and ex-Governor Altgeld. The Harrison men elected their candidates, Dr. Walter Watson, of Mt. Vernon, being chosen state chairman, and Fred Eldred, of Chicago, secretary.

Prominent Negroes Before the Disfranchisement Committee.

Col. Olds sent the following very interesting account of the hearing of the negro leaders before the joint disfranchisement Committee to Saturday's Wilmington Messenger:

There was an extremely interesting hearing this afternoon before the joint committee on constitutional amendments. This hearing was given specially to negroes, and Isaac H. Smith, of Craven. Rev. R. H. W. Leak, of Raleigh, and Professor Crosby, of Salisbury, appeared. Leak made the pithy remark that in the South the negroes are allowed to work and earn money together with the whites, but not to spend it together; while in the North they are not allowed to make it together, but can spend it together, and that he liked the conditions here better.

Representative Rountree said the negro was unfit for the ballot; that thirty years' experience had proved this, and that the franchise must be curtailed. He said negroes at Wilmington told him the women and church societies ostracised them if they dared to vote any save the republican ticket.

Leak said he knew that fusionist legislation as to Wilmington was vicious and that he held to responsibility the people who brought it about. He said the negroes were also to blame, for they put in the men who caused the trouble. He declared he would be satisfied with whatever the legislature did. "I think you are going to do what is right," said he. He was asked if he did not desire some of the money for public schools for negroes, set apart for an industrial school and said he liked the idea.

Crosby made an extremely interesting talk. He said there are 125,000 negro voters in North Carolina, and that of these only 25,000 are qualified to form an opinion as to suffrage. He said that no negro can now hope to sustain his position with his race and vote the democratic ticket. He added that 100,000 negroes always vote the republican ticket regardless of anything. He said: "I regard this solid black vote as being a great menace to our government. The negroes are in fact to be saved from themselbes. He said he had no request to make as to voting, only to ask the legislature to do what in its heart it thinks right; that the majority in the legislature is far seeing, honest and earnest. "You want," he said, "to disfranchise enough negroes to make it certain that good government will prevail. Do that and stop. Do not go to the extent of persecution." He asserted that the negroes pay, in all, $177,000 for schools, or $35,000 less than they get. He concluded with the assertion that educated negroes are not opposed to the white people.

Rountree then said: "Our main idea is to conserve good government."

Imperialism Means Ruin of the Masses.

Pittsburg (Pa.) Peal.

The United States is possibly rich enough to spend double the money it is now doing in blazing the pathway of imperialism without making Federal taxation very oppressive. It is local taxation that eats up the surplus and is felt by the people. But still excessive Federal taxation, resulting from great extravagance, is to be condemned, because it demoralizes administration of government and makes of it one grand hunt after boodle. In no epoch of American history has there been such a fearful waste of money as in the war with Spain. The facts will come to light some time, but not just now. The alleged interests, political and financial, are engaged in covering things up.

Germany's military expenses for the next year are accessible in the budget voted by the Reichstag for 1899. For all warlike purposes, including army, navy and pensions, they are as follows:

Army—	
Regular	$127 973.116
Extraordinary	24,077,396
Navy—	
Regular	$15.687 724
Extraordinary	14,825,912
Pensions—	
Army	$14,273 333
Navy	788 255
Total	$197,615 730

Our own expenditures for warlike purposes of all kinds—ordinary and extraordinary, army and navy, and pensions—for the fiscal year 1900 will be as follows, if the administration has its way:

Army,	$166,726,599
Navy,	47.630 531
Pensions,	145,233,830
Total,	$359,590,960

Nor is there any indication that there will be any abatement of this enormous outlay should imperialism work its pleasure. On the contrary, there will be an increase, and the spirit of lavish expenditure will enter into the civil administration of the Government.

It used to be that Germany was held up to the United States as a warning against imperialism and militarism. We were the great pacific Nation of the world, and our example was studied and held up to imitation by the liberals and progressives of Europe. It is so no longer. The figures are eloquent. For one year in Germany the aggregate is $197,615,000. In the United States for one year $359 590.000 is called for, or an excess of $162 000,000. There is a loud call that $75,000 000 shall be lopped off Alger's army bill.

"Taxes Shall be Uniform and Ad Valorem.

Art. VII. Sec. 9, Const N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Jan. 19, '99.

MR. EDITOR:—"Can a religious or charitable institution own productive property (investments) in the town of Fayetteville in competition with private taxable interests, and be exempted from taxation thereon?"

The above being called to my attention, I unhesitatingly submit as my opinion, and as a citizen consider it my duty, publicly so to do, that it cannot, and that if any such property is now, or has been, exempted by the town and county authorities, that the same is not only unfair to the other property owners who have to compete with said property but to every tax paying citizen of the town of Fayetteville and county of Cumberland, as taking so much out of the taxable sum.

Note decision where matter came up elsewhere: "Though income from stores in Masonic building go exclusively to charitable purposes, store part of building taxable," 81 Ga. 212.

E. R. M'K.

Rev. Mr. McKelway on the Death of Captain Rankin.

The Presbyterian Standard of Wednesday contained the following:

We received a telegram Monday night saying that Capt. S. C. Rankin, senior Elder of the Fayetteville Session, died suddenly on his way home. Our first thought is, "How terrible! What a shock!" And so it is from our human side; but suppose we try to use more of the language of heaven and say, "God's faithful servant was traveling towards home at evening time, with the day's work all done, his heart full of thoughts of loved ones waiting there, and of the sweet restfulness of the home fireside, when suddenly a messenger came bringing a summons from his King, and the weary feet were turned aside into a shining pathway, across which fell one single shadow. And in a moment he stood on the threshold of the place prepared, where warmest welcome awaited him, from loved ones gone before, and where he shall serve forever in the presence of the King."

May God give to the mourning ones of earth a faith which shall indeed be the very substance of things hoped for, and the evidence of things not seen, that they may not sorrow, as the world sorrows, but clinging to the hope, which is an anchor, sure and steadfast, may they enter within the veil and see in that clear light all the mysteries of God's providence!

A Romance of Socks.

A story is told of an old bachelor who bought a pair of socks, and found attached to one of them a slip of paper with these words: "I am a young lady of 20 and would like to correspond with a bachelor with a view to matrimony." Name and address were given. The bachelor wrote, and in a few days got this letter: "Mamma was married 20 years ago. The merchant you bought those socks from evidently did not advertise or he would have sold them long ago. Mamma handed me your letter and said possibly I might suit you. I am 18 years old."

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but skin eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them, also old, running and fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, warts, cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, chapped hands, chilblains. Best pile cure on earth. Drives out pains and aches. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son, druggists.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE CUMBERLAND COUNTY DISPENSARY.

The Committee Report Against Abolishing the Dispensary Without a Vote.

The Raleigh News and Observer of Thursday morning contains the following:

Yesterday afternoon, in the old State Library in the capitol, when J. Frank Ray, chairman of the Proposition and Grievance Committee, called his committee to order, the little room was crowded, mostly with a Fayetteville delegation, one part advocating the repeal of the dispensary law and the others advocating its retention.

The discussion was pretty warm at times and showed the division of sentiment about the dispensary in Cumberland.

The discussion was opened by Mr. Ray, member of the House from Cumberland, who had introduced the bill to repeal the dispensary. He made a rattling speech in favor of repeal, saying many bright things

"We Scotch people," he said, "like a drink now and then. We can buy at $1.00 a gallon in Richmond county, while we have to pay $2 00 at the dispensary. I haven't got a good drink of common liquor since they put up the dispensary."

There has been more complaint about schools since the new plan was inaugurated than ever before. Notwithstanding the claim that it gives large sums to the school fund. He said that though there are more white children in Quewhiffle township than negroes the negroes got more than the whites.

This act was put upon us without the approval of the people. Fayetteville is losing trade. There are as many drunken people in that town as ever. There are open bar rooms in Raleigh, but I haven't seen a drunken man since I have been here. He then presented a petition of 700 representative men asking to have the law repealed.

Mr. Ray, chairman: "What effect on drunkenness?"

Mr. Ray, of Cumberland: "More than ever now."

Mr. Robinson of Cumberland: "I am opposed to the passage of this bill. I will offer a substitute to submit it to the people. It was not an issue in the campaign. If it had been made an issue in the campaign, our ticket would have been defeated. The people are divided. The figures show that the school revenue has been increased. Some business men think it has helped business, some think it has hurt business. I want to represent all the people and I therefore shall move to submit it to the people when I can draft a bill. Apparently the public drinking is less than when saloons were open. When Tillman spoke at Fayetteville there was 8,000 people and only one man was drunk."

("The dispensary was closed that day," said Mr. Rose.)

Mr. D. T. Oates: "I was a speaker for the Democratic party in the last campaign. I declined to run for the Legislature because my position on temperance was so pronounced that it hurt the party. There was no understanding as to the dispensary being submitted to the people. He read a letter from W. W. Huske, Democratic chairman, stating that there was no understanding whatever in the campaign as to the dispensary.

Senator Williams: "During the campaign everybody was for the white man. They were all willing to let whiskey and the dispensary alone. They came to me to know how we stood on the dispensary. Representative men of both sides said to me that they wanted a vote on the question. As far as a dispensary is concerned, I reckon it is a good thing."

Mr. Robinson: "The dispensary made $10,500 last year, divided between the town and the county. The revenue is now less than one half. He wanted to amend the act and submit it to the people. He wanted to repeal the provision that makes it possible to provide a sub-dispensary. He also wanted to authorize Fayetteville to police the dispensary. He also suggested other changes to improve the law.

Hon. George M. Rose: "I represent the anti-dispensary interests. We are willing to leave the matter to a vote of the people."

Mr. Oates: "Mr. Robinson is trying to dodge the issue."

Mr. Robinson: "I insist that I shall be treated with respect. I am trying to dodge nothing."

Dr. McNeill: "Mr. Robinson is advocating submitting the question to the people—not to the white people. Yesterday he secured a high license law without submitting it to the people."

Ex-Senator McLauchlin: "I think Mr. Robinson is a friend of the dispensary with his hands tied. He wants to leave it to the people. But if we submit this matter to the people, the negroes will be appealed to and the negro element can be bought for a barrel of whisky.

"It is not safe to put any community under the control of negroes.

"I was opposed to some of the methods used to get the dispensary, but it has proved a blessing to Cumberland county. Most of the leading men say there is less drunkenness in Fayetteville and in the county. One of the leading cotton buyers told me that more cotton had been brought to Fayetteville than ever before—this is a true sign of progress in our Southern towns. Property has advanced in Fayetteville in price in spite of the low prices of crops.

"Under the dispensary any man who needs it can get it at the open door. The dispensary has helped the morals of the young. About $5000 more has been paid in taxes this year than when the bar rooms took the people's money. The interests of the women and children ought to be considered. There has been more to spend at country stores under the dispensary. No risk is run to the Democratic party to continue the system with proper amendment."

Mr. Ray of Cumberland: "I am like McGregor, of Cumberland, who is 'sessioned' by his church because he would have a dram."

Dr. McNeill: "There is a petition from 1,100 white voters in Cumberland asking that the law be not repealed. They are the best men in Cumberland county. The petition to repeal is signed by many negroes, probably one third.

Mr. D. T. Oates: "The anti-dispensary bill people present petitions to repeal the law. They have been counted and they have less than 1,000 names, 200 of which are negroes and 150 drunkards who can't get whisky from the dispensary. We present a petition signed by over 1,100 white men and 68 white women. That is the difference between the petitions. I am willing for the committee to compare the names. They have some names of men who sell liquor." He went over the names of the petitioners, speaking plainly of them and telling of their love of liquor. He was very personal. One undertaker had signed it. (He is looking out for business, said a dispensary man.) If they are of the character that Mr. Oates gives them, there are many black sheep among the list, the names of which had all been signed by one man. Taking up another list, he said that all the owners and employes of the La Fayette Hotel ought not to be considered because the hotel paid when it had a bar room and since the dispensary it has not paid. He went over all the names, saying of them, "he is a loafer;" "he is a drunkard;" "he is a good man;" "he was a bar keeper;" I will pass over him if the other side will;" "he is a minor" and the like. "All the doctors except one or two oppose repealing the dispensary law. As many business houses favor the dispensary as oppose it. All the preachers have signed to keep the dispensary.

"Under the old system we had twelve bar rooms paying $2,400 to the county and town. Under the dispensary $4,800 goes to both. Under open bar rooms $60000 was spent for liquor; now it is $20,000." (There was quite a discussion as to profits.) The dispensary is closed at night, drunkards and minors cannot get liquor, and it is not sold on Sunday, as it was in bar rooms. There is less drunkenness in Fayetteville than at any previous time. Not a homicide in eighteen months. Crime has diminished, as the court records show. Those who were put in jail were negroes sent there by Judge Sutton to prevent disfranchising them.

Mr. Oates then read letters from Mr. John Underwood and Mr. D. N. McLean, justices of the peace, saying that drunkenness had decreased crime. Other like letters from magistrates were read. Mayor Cook, of Fayetteville, wrote that formerly twelve saloons in one year paid the city a revenue of $1,200; under dispensary $2,400. Judging from the records there have been fewer arrests and less drunkenness under dispensary. Mr. C. B. McMillan, justice of the peace, house owner and house renter, wrote that crime had diminished and rents were better under dispensary. He also read letters from other citizens and from a Baptist church to the same effect.

There have been fewer failures in business and more business houses have been opened under the dispensary than before. Four thousand more bales of cotton were sold this that last year.

As to submitting this question to the people they didn't ask you to submit it to the people, but to repeal this law unconditionally. We are opposed to submission until we have a righteous suffrage. "If you submit it now, you give to 1,900 negroes the right to control the election."

After the hearing, the committee reported the bill to abolish the dispensary unfavorably, and approved the amendments offered by Representative Robinson, except the one submitting the matter to a vote of the people. There will be a minority report. The vote stood 7 to 3.

The advocates of the dispensary were greatly pleased with the result.

The Raleigh News and Observer says the last year the penitentiary was managed by the Democrats it paid every expense and was self-supporting. The Republicans have been in control less than two years and yet they have succeeded in running into debt, and when the returns are all in it will require not less than $100,000 to put the penitentiary back in the same condition that it was when Mr. Leazer turned it over to his successor in 1897.

Coughing injures and inflames sore lungs. One Minute Cough Cure loosens the cold, allays coughing and heals quickly. The best cough cure for children.
King Bros.

SIMPLE SENSE There is a right way to do all things. An expectant mother can easily realize, if she stops to think a moment, how dangerously wrong it is to swallow medicines when in her condition. She can see that the outside application of a liniment which softens and relaxes must certainly be the thing for her to use. Such a liniment is

MOTHER'S FRIEND

which she can depend upon doing her a world of good before and during labor. Send to us for our free illustrated book, "Before Baby is Born." Mother's Friend is sold in drug stores for $1 a bottle, or from THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

BAD BLOOD

"CASCARETS do all claimed for them and are a truly wonderful medicine. I have often wished for a medicine pleasant to take and at last have found it in Cascarets. Since taking them, my blood has been purified and my complexion has improved wonderfully and I feel much better in every way." MRS. SALLIE E. SELLARS, Luttrell, Tenn.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 319

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit

News of Interest.

January 31st the Scotland county bill will go before the Committee on Counties, Cities and Towns at 3 o'clock p. m., in the House of Representatives, and all sides will be given a hearing. This is in accordance with an agreement between Mr. Wall and Mr. McLean, the two members from Richmond. Mr. Wall is opposed to establishing the new county, and Mr. McLean is in favor of it.

The Raleigh correspondent of this morning's Wilmington Messenger says:

This afternoon the legislative committee on manufactures heard arguments in support of the bill appropriating $15,000 yearly to the Vance textile school. J. P. Caldwall, D. A. Tompkins and R. J. Brevard, of Charlotte, appeared in favor of it. So did a delegation from Raleigh. Both Charlotte and Raleigh want the school.

We can say for Fayetteville that she too wants this great industrial school, and is the place, far above all others for its location Our people should surely make a concerted effort to secure this school for its proper site.

Hurrah for Our Girls!

We find the following in the Sampson Democrat of yesterday:

Miss Mary Robeson, of Fayetteville, who has been the guest of Mrs. I. F. Hill during the holidays, returned to her home on Monday. Miss Robeson is a bright, clever young lady, who has that pleasing combination of personal good looks, attractive manners and mental accumen that goes to make a fascinating woman. We hope she will often enliven our town with her presence.

Will the A. C. L. Abandon the C. F. & Y. V. to Wilmington?

There is a rumor current, says the Sampson Democrat, that the Atlantic Coast Line, which has bought the C. F. & Y. V. railroad, may build a connecting link of road from Clinton to Roseboro, and abandon that part of the C. F. & Y. V. from Roseboro to Wilmington. This would bring trains from Fayetteville to Wilmington via Clinton and Warsaw and would amount to a saving of some 75 miles of track. The rumor is given for what it may worth.

La Grippe Successfully Treated

"I have recovered from the second attack of la grippe this year," says Mr. Jas. A. Jones, publisher of the Leader, Mexia, Texas. "In the latter case I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and I think with considerable success, only being in bed a little over two days against ten days for the former attack. The second attack I am satisfied would have been equally as bad as the first but for the use of this remedy, as I had to go to bed in about six hours after being 'struck' with it, while in the first case I was able to attend to business about two days before getting down.'" For sale by B E. Sedberry & Sons.

Does this Strike You?

Muddy complexions, Nauseating breath come from chronic constipation. Karl's Clover Root Tea is an absolute cure and has been sold for fifty years on an absolute guarantee. Price 25 cts. and 50 cts.
McDuffie's Drug Store.

SYRUP OF FIGS

NEVER IMITATED IN QUALITY.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company —

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.
LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

—SUBSCRIBE FOR THE—

FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER

BRYAN DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER.

The OBSERVER is the leading advocate in North Carolina of the policy of turning out the present Goldbug-Fusion Government, now disgracing the State, by a reunion of the whites whom VANCE led to victory. It is for WHITE REUNION against BLACK FUSION.

It opposes any political movement by Democrats outside of the Democratic organization. It stands by every plank in the Chicago platform, as the true expression of Democracy. Accepting the restoration of "White Supremacy" as the paramount issue, it believes that the Democracy should lose no time in shaping its course to that end. It is plain that the blacks, who rigidly drew the color line in the late election, will not assist the whites in the restoration of white supremacy. It is equally plain that the Republican allies of the blacks, who have demonstrated their negrophilism by thirty years of fusion with the blacks, will not assist in restoring white supremacy. The Observer therefore favors consideration of the question, "How shall the reunion of the two wings of Vance's Democracy be effected," so that the masses of the Democratic party may be justly represented in the next Convention. It is unalterably opposed to fusion—that is, to any political combination which requires a sacrifice of Democratic principles as duly expressed by the party.

Daily Edition, $4.00 per annum.
Weekly Edition, $1,00 per annum.
E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.
E. J. HALE, JR., Business Manag'r.

Tested and Tried For 25 Years

Would you feel perfectly safe to put all your money in a new bank? One you have just heard of?

But how about an old bank? One that has done business for over a quarter of a century? One that has always kept its promises? One that never failed; never misled you in any way?

You could trust such a bank, couldn't you?

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of COD-LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES is just like such a bank. It has never disappointed you, never will. It has never deceived you, never will.

Look out that someone does not try to make you invest your health in a new tonic, some new medicine you know nothing of.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Indemnified for Property Taken by Federals.

The Court of Claims at Washington Wednesday made a favorable report to Congress on the claim of Mr. Thomas Bullock, of this county, for property taken by the Federal Soldiers during the war. The claim was for $700, the court reduced it to $457.

In all such claims such items as poultry are stricken out as no provision is made for payment for such property The taking of it is a depredation. The number of claims, however, for turkeys, chickens, etc., taken would indicate that the Union soldiers during the civil war had a decided liking for poultry.

Notes of Local Interest.

A movement is on foot in Wilmington to build a Sanitarium, or private hospital, similar to the one now being erected here by Drs. Marsh and Highsmith. It is to be a stock company, with a $15,000 capital.

Shortly after noon Thursday a south bound freight on the A. C. L. ran into a west bound freight on the Seaboad Air Line, demolishing a number of cars, just ahead of the caboose, which contained the conductor and twelve drummers.

Story of a Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, rundown people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son, druggists.

To the Public.

We are authorized to guarantee every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and if not satisfactory to refund the money to the purchaser. There is no better medicine made for la grippe, colds and whooping cough. Price, 25 and 50c. per bottle. Try it. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by
H. R. HORNE, Druggist,
Fayetteville, N. C.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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MURCHISON & POPE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

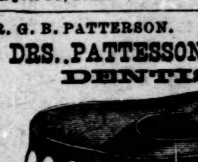
EDWIN R. MacKETHAN,
Attorney and Counsellor,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

J. H. MARSH, M.D. J. F. HIGHSMITH, M D
DRS. MARSH & HIGHSMITH,
Offices, Market Square and Green Street, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

JNO. D. MacRAE, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office at Sedberry's Drug Store,
Fayetteville, N. C.

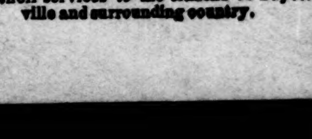
J. H. MARSH, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON
Office: N. E. Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

B. L. HUNTER, D.D.S. THOS. M. HUNTER D.D.S



DRS. HUNTER,
DENTISTS,
Northeast Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C
April 29, 1889.

DR. G. B. PATTERSON. DR. J. S. BETTS
DRS. PATTESSON & BETTS,
DENTISTS.



OFFICE: Over Bank of Fayetteville,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Offer their services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.......JANUARY 26, 1899

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

"Where the gold Democrats are numerically weak they will profess to accept the platform, but will oppose every plan that is calculated to bring success to the platform." —*William J. Bryan to National Committeeman C. S. Thomas, of Colorado.*

REPRESENTATIVE ROBINSON AT RALEIGH.

The first speech made in the House on the bill to give Hertford County a Democratic White Government was by our representative, Mr. H. McD. Robinson.

This was the first speech which outlined the policy of the legislature, and is admittedly the strongest speech made on party lines during this session. Mr. Robinson upon the conclusion of his speech was warmly congratulated by numerous members, and his speech was highly complimented on the streets of Raleigh.

It is a matter of pride to Cumberland County people to know that the strongest and best speech in carrying out Democratic pledges came from our own able representative.

Mr. Robinson is held in high esteem by his colleagues.

The Question of the Repeal of the Sutton Bill.

Raleigh News and Observer, Jan. 20th.]

Maj. Hale Interviewed—Says the Democrats of Fayetteville Desire the Abolition of Dispensary—After that is Done, he Says the Proper Plan is to Submit Question of Dispensary to the People Under the New Election Law.

Maj. Hale, editor of the Fayetteville OBSERVER, had this to say yesterday, relative to the Fayetteville dispensary:

The statement that "the advocates of a dispensary object to letting 1,900 negroes vote on the proposition" (to repeal the present Sutton law) as being "against the principle of white supremacy," does not correctly represent the position of those who oppose the present law.

The opponents of the present law take the broad ground that a law which was forced upon the people of Fayetteville, without being submitted to a vote of the people, by a legislator in the last Assembly who was elected by the solid negro vote, should be wiped off the statutes by a Legislature elected by the white people, as a just restitution and for the sake of restoring the *status quo ante* Sutton. And they feel, with all respect, that such restoration is the more incumbent upon our Democratic majority because they know, as Col. Cunningham declared today, that the act was put through by Mr. Sutton as a punishment to the Democrats of Fayetteville for sending a committee to Raleigh to defeat, and which did defeat, his negro police bill.

The proposition to submit the question of the restoration of the status quo ante Sutton to a vote of the people does not originate with the advocates of such restoration. It is the result of their willingness to go half way in meeting the views of the advocates of the retention of the Sutton act. In other words, it is a concession or compromise, so that whatever of illogic may result is not of the making of the advocates of restoration.

The natural process, say the advocates of restoration, is the unconditional repeal of the spiteful Sutton act, and then the submission to a vote of the people of any affirmative legislation in the direction of a dispensary which the advocates of a dispensary may formulate.

The great majority of the Democrats of Fayetteville, in my opinion, desire such a course as I have described to be pursued. With the merits or demerits of a dispensary as contrasted with high license, there is a less formed feeling because the details of the subject have not been a matter of study with the mass of people. But they would, no doubt, enter upon such a study in time for an intelligent vote if the subject were properly presented to them by an affirmative dispensary bill.

[The substitute bill introduced by Mr. Robinson and printed by us on Saturday, admirably embodies the middle ground which the opponents of the Sutton law signified their willingness to occupy when the hearing was had before the committee. It was generally understood at Raleigh that such a bill would pass both houses, as it would be a dangerous innovation for a Democratic legislature to violate the fundamental rule of Democracy, which it would do if it refused to submit a public question of such importance to the popular vote.—OBSERVER.]

Monday the Transfer Will Take Place.

We have it on indisputable authority that on Monday next, Messrs. Walters and Newcomer, representing the stockholders of the Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad, will pay over to the Master Commissioners, Eugene Martin and Clement Manly, for the benefit of the bondholders and other creditors of the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad, the sum of $3,110,000 in cash, and will, thereupon, receive the deeds to the property. Also that during the same week the Atlantic Coast Line will take formal charge of the C. F. & Y. V.

This is as perdicted by the OBSERVER when it saw the call for a meeting in Wilmington on February 4th of the stockholders of the Atlantic and Yaddin Railroad, concluding that such a meeting would not be held until the C. F. & Y. V. had become the Atlantic and Yadkin.

Senator Williams Sick.

We regret to learn that our State Senator Williams is confined to his room in Raleigh with a slight attack of sickness.

About Insurance.

The report recently made by Secretary of State Thompson shows as collected of Insurance Companies in the past two years legally doing business in the State:

1. License and other fees,	$ 55,760 67
2. 2 per cent. on receipts,	113,542.56
	$169,303.23
Making amount collected each year,	$ 84,651 61
Which with fees admitted to have been received by him,	3,640.00
Amount paid in by Insurance Companies each year as taxes,	$88,291.61
Companies licensed in State.	128

1. To put railroads, banks, insurance companies, &c., into one lot to be managed by one commission, will be to get together such an array of corporations and money power as to make their control almost out of the question.

2. The Railroad Commission already has its hands full.

3. Railroads and banks can go together but the banks only have to report and be examined and perhaps the Railroad Commission would give us a better lot of bank examiners; but to deal with insurance companies calls for a technical knowledge of the business as a contract—and generally a different or new one—is involved each time that you strike them.

4. The business is immense and the help needed by the people of the State very great. They invest annually over two million dollars in insurance.

5. Insurance is a necessity to all—must be bought and is very little understood by any.

6. Much work needed to see that all pay the taxes due the State. Many now escape them.

7. Of much more importance to see that no fraudulent company is imposing upon the people, or any unsound company selling its paper.

Not a new office—merely dividing up one.

All expenses paid by insurance company and not by State.

In taxes a good live insurance commissioner would save ten times his salary, while saving to individual insurers would be past estimating.

Mr. John C. Drewry recently contributed to the Raleigh News and Observer the following on this subject:

Few of even our best business men realize to what tremendous proportions the insurance business has grown and how it underlies and is intimately connected with every other business, from that of the largest corporation to the smallest business man in our community. The business has grown until now the insurance companies doing business legitimately in this state assme annually risks of over $100,000,000, taking therefor in premiums over $1,500,000 and paying to the state in taxes (besides to officers of the state) over $85,000, whive there are annually paid out for fire losses more than $650,000 and more than $700,000 for death and endowment claims.

That the state should look after and exercise a control over this business is admitted by all thinking men and is shown by the course of every live and progressive business State in the Union. All in fact exercise some control—some more—some less. Many exercise this supervision wisely and reap the benefit for themselves and their citizens, while others act indiscretely and do more harm than good.

Now in the supervision attempted to be exercised by the state over the insurance business, at least two things must be well consid-red and looked after, viz:

1. The collection of a proper revenue from the companies doing business in the state.

2. The protection of the people and business interests of the State from insolvent and fraudulent companies, and evasions of the payment of taxes.

1. The collection of a proper amount of revenue from insurance companies of all kinds, doing business in the state is a serious and important problem. The amount collected should be a just and legitimate one and should be collected from all in a correct proportion. As the benefits of the government fall equally upon all, so should the burdens. It is only necessary to notice how the taxes from this source are increasing each year and realize how much revenue is already paid in each year now over $85,000, and it is readily seen that it is no easy task to distribute this equally and see that all pay their just proportions. Some strive to evade and do escape the payment of these taxes.

2. Again the people must be protected. The business interests of the state demand it. Insolvent companies must be weeded out, as well as fraudulent companies and the fraudulent practices of solvent companies, wherever found. The protection asked for by the people demands that all evasions of the payment of taxes by companies be stopped. The people are entitled to know that the insurance companies bear their just proportion of the burdens of the government. The best interests of the state demand that only safe companies be licensed to do business in the state and that no fraudulent company, if allowed to enter, is long allowed to remain doing business to the hurt of the people. The people are entitled to have a certain amount of education along the insurance line that they may be able to better discriminate between companies and different modes of business. They are entitled to have such supervision of the insurance business as will protect the good companies, drive out the fraudulent ones and see that no company does does any business, except such as is allowed by their charter and is consistent with the public welfare. They want and are entitled to have such a supervision as will aid and care for them, by the possession and use of such general and technical knowledge of insurance and insurance methods as cannot be expected of the general class of even our best business men.

Then all and more can be done by the establishment and proper equipment of an insurance department. The department can save yearly many times its cost of running in revenues now lost to the State, while its value and worth to the people and business interests of the State can hardly be estimated—every community will feel it. The people wish economy, but not at the cost of loss of revenue or the lack of protection to them and their best interest. Economy is a good thing when wisely and prudently adjusted, but the people do not demand false economy at the sacrifice of efficiency. They demand good service, a broad and just protection to all. They are willing to pay for good government, but they demand that every dollar paid out to any one or for any purpose shall be made to count in their behalf, for every cent which it contains.

JOHN C. DREWRY.

NO CURE—NO PAY.

That is the way all druggists sell Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter, nauseating Tonics. Price 50c.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, Jan. 23, 1899.

Senator Gorman publicly called a halt on the statement that he and the Senators who are acting with him in trying to procure a declaration that the policy of this government does not contemplate permanent ownership of the Phillippines, are trying to delay or prevent a vote on the Treaty of Peace. Privately, Senator Gorman proposed to Senator Davis, who is in charge of the treaty, that a day be set to vote upon it, and Mr. Davis was afraid to accept, because he was not certain that the treaty could control a sufficient number of votes to be ratified, and the opposition were claiming to have thirty six votes pledged against the treaty unless it was amended to meet their views. Of course, Senator Gorman would not speak publicly about this private conference with Senator Davis, but in discussing the matter, he used the following significant words after having said that the administration could get a vote on the treaty whenever it wanted it: "Of course, if the friends of the treaty deem it wise to postpone action until an extra session of Congress, they are in a position to carry out their purpose." There is little doubt that the sentiment for the permanent retention of the Phillippines is growing in the Senate, and while it may not yet be strong enough to secure the adoption of an amendment to the treaty, it begins to look as though it will be strong enough to compel the adoption of a resolution by the Senate, unless the administration desires to allow the treaty to go over to an extra session.

The speech of Representative James Hamilton Lewis, of Washington, in which he pilloried Representative Grosvenor, of Ohio, unmercifully, just after Representatives Bailey, of Texas, Carmack, of Tennessee, and Simpson, of Kansas, had peppered him with short retorts, was as fine an example of the proper use of sarcasm in a speech as has been given on the floor of the house for years. No extract can give a correct idea of Mr. Lewis' speech, but the following, which came after his charging Grosvenor with posing as the exclusive custodian of the patriotism of the country, and with ringing the changes on one speech, always ending by pointing dramatically to the stars and stripes behind the Speaker's desk, will give some idea of his style: "When all these arrows were shot from the quiver of my friend from Ohio, it occurred to me that there was something on his mind besides an humble Representative from Washington and a distinguished gentleman from Kansas. There was a United States Senate, which had not received from the gentleman the bastinading that it deserved. And then it was that we witnessed this Fidus Achates of the administration, this sole deputized executor of its castigating powers—this eminent and worthy Representative, let me add—rising to warn that honorable branch of the executive power, the Senate of the United States, that if it did not proceed to do that as to which there seems to be some doubt in my friend's mind whether they will do it or not, they will hear from him again."

The River and Harbor Bill carries direct appropriations for $12,505,138, besides continuing contracts aggregating $16,791,538, as reported to the House, and it is the invariable rule of the Senate to increase it by a few millions.

Senator White says he will not obey the instructions of the California legislature, to vote for the ratification of the treaty of Peace, because he is unalterably opposed to its ratification, and does not regard the instructions as binding upon him, against his conscience and convictions. Senator Perkins says that in deference to the legislature he will swallow his convictions and vote for the treaty.

Commissary General Eagan has been relieved of all official duties pending his trial by the Court-martial which has been ordered to assemble in Washington this week. That the court martial will find Eagan guilty of the charge of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, is regarded as certain. The punishment is dismissal from the army, but inasmuch as the President has authority to set aside or lessen the punishment, it is regarded as doubtful whether that penalty will be imposed upon Eagan. War Department officials have allowed it to become known that they do not expect Eagan to resume the duties of Commissary General. Mr. McKinley's action on the Eagan verdict may determine whether Secretary Alger will remain in the Cabinet, although some think that Alger will remain anyway, unless kicked out, in order to try to get even with General Miles. He is known to be pulling all the political wires within his reach for the purpose of trying to make trouble for Miles, and the beef contractors are helping him. There is a rumor in Washington that both Alger and Miles will be dismissed as a result of the report of the War Investigating Commission, but that the report will be held by Mr. McKinley until after Congress adjourns, as he fears its effect upon that body.

Dr. Daly, who was Chief Surgeon on the staff of Gen. Miles, demonstrated for the War Investigating Commission, by actual tests made by government chemists, that the refrigerated beef issued to the troops of Gen. Miles in Porto Rico was treated with Boric and Salicylic acids—was in fact "embalmed."

At Mr. McKinley's request, an amendment will be offered to the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill to provide the money to begin the work of caring for Confederate graves located outside of private cemeteries.

The Morgan Nicaragua Canal bill, with amendments, passed the Senate, Saturday, by a vote of 48 to 31.

Those Who Went to the Funeral.

The following is a list of the Fayetteville friends and relatives of the late Geo. W. Williams, who went down to Wilmington Tuesday morning to attend his funeral, returning at 7 o'clock Tuesday night:

Col. J. A. Pemberton, Dr. W. C. McDuffie, Col. J. B. Starr, Mr. Geo. H. Haigh, Mr. Isaac A. Murchison, Capt. W. E. Kyle, Mr. W. N. Williams, Mr. Jas. R. Williams, Maj. E. J. Hale, Mr. Jno. D. Williams, Mr. A. B. Williams, Jr., Capt. and Mrs. A. Garrason, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Bidgood, Capt. and Mrs. E. L. Pemberton, Mrs. White, Mrs. W. J. McDiarmid, Miss Lutie Murchison, Miss Fannie Williams, Miss Fannie Reid McKay, and Master Geo. W. Williams.

Addition to Factory.

The Lacy Manufacturing Company have made some extensive improvements to their furniture factory plant, among others, adding on to the main building so as to enable the placing of all machinery on the ground floor.

Items from Adjoining Communities of Bladen and Cumberland Counties and St. Paul's.

St. Paul's, N. C., Jan. 23rd, 1899.

Prof. A. R. Kennedy accompanied by his sister Miss Mattie, with Misses Tommie Cullens, Bellow and Janet McGeachy went over to Lumber Bridge to hear Evangelist Black on last Tuesday night. They all went over in a wagon and report a nice time.

Rev. Edward Kelley preached at the County Line School House in upper Bladen last Sunday. He will continue at this place for several days.

We said last week that Prof. A. R. Kennedy and sister, Miss Laura, went to Red Springs last Friday and spent Saturday and Sunday. This, in speaking of Miss Kennedy, should have been Miss Mattie, and was simply a mistake of your reporter.

The Literary Society of last Friday was generally good. The speeches of Mr. W. H. Howard and Jefferson Allen of the debating section were among the best.

Dr. McMillan preached at the St. Paul's Presbyterian church last night.

The officers appointed in the St. Paul's Sunday School for the following year are as follows: Superintendent. A R. McEachern; Assistant, L. Shaw; Secretary, R. S. Burns: Treasurer, R. A. Graham; teacher for the first quarterly class, D. A. McGoogan; Assistant, N. T. Alford; 2nd class, L. Shaw; Assistant, W. N. McLean; 3rd class, Mrs. T. D. Northrop; assistant, Miss Charlotte Alford; 4th, Miss Flora McGoogan; assistant, Miss Ann McLean; infant class, Mrs.; L. Shaw, teacher; Miss Bellow McGeachy, Assistant.

Miss Harriet Humphrey, of Fayetteville, is visiting relatives in Upper Bladen.

Jessup Sayings.

Jessup, N. C., Jan. 21, 1899.

Mrs. Jennie Wadsworth, while walking in her yard last Saturday, accidently lost her footing and fell, sustaining serious injury on the rock paved sidewalk.

Mr. R. M. McDonald, who has been ill, is reported better.

Mr. F. M. McDuffie, of Cameron, who has been visiting Mr. G. H. Lewis, returned to his home Thursday.

Mr. Hugh McCallum, while driving near his home Tuesday, was thrown from his buggy by his horse becoming frightened. It is feared that he will not recover from the injuries sustained by the fall.

The election on Stock Law at Cedar Grove Tuesday resulted in the defeat of the Stock Law by five majority.

Much excitement prevails over the Winston constitutional amendment. We find it opposed by all parties. Democrats are especially emphatic in their denunciation, claiming that the Legislature is attempting to disfranchise the country voters and give the cities and towns controlling power.

DONTON.

LET US HAVE A TOBACCO WAREHOUSE.

Mayor Cook Starts the Ball.

MR. EDITOR:—The many editorials, by your paper on the subject of Tobacco culture, is having the desired effect, as I am reliably informed that many of our farmers are preparing to raise tobacco this season. In Gray's Creek township, I am informed, there will be more than 100 acres planted in tobacco, and I hear of others in other townships that will do likewise. Now, Mr. Editor, that the ball has commenced to roll, if we want to reap some of the benefits, it is an *absolute necessity* that we put ourselves in a position to do so, and the first thing is the erection of a *warehouse.* It will require only a few thousand dollars, and I am sure that all of our people have long since recognized the fact that the Lord helps those that help themselves. My idea is to organize a company to erect a warehouse by putting the stock at $25.00 or $50.00 a share, so that all our people can become interested. There has already been several that have agreed to take stock, and if we will but get together and work together, there is no reason why Fayetteville can not develop into a large tobacco market, as we can certainly draw business from surrounding counties. Think over these suggestions and be prepared when called upon to help the enterprise along.

W. S. COOK.

The Baltimore Sun Almanac for 1899.

The Sun Almanac for 1899 presents all those features which have made it heretofore the standard reference book in matters relating to Maryland and national affairs. The year 1898 was a memorable one in the history of the United States because of the war with Spain, and The Sun Almanac gives the most important facts connected with this conflict.

The leading events of the war are described in detail, but concisely, so that the reader is enabled to secure such information as he desires without wading through a mass of verbiage. The story of the Maine disaster is told succinctly and an abstract is given of the findings of the naval court of inquiry which conducted an investigation into the cause of the destruction of the battle ship. The naval battle of Manila bay, when Montejo's squadron was destroyed by our Asiatic squadron, under the command of Commodore George Dewey, the destruction of Cervera's squadron off Santiago and the capture of the Spanish admiral and many of his officers and men are among the most notable achievements in the history of the American navy. The Sun Alamanac gives a compact account of these battles, bringing out every point of interest without unnecessary elaboration.

The surrender of Santiago de Cuba, the land operations around the doomed city, the storming of the heights of San Juan and the battle of El Caney are duly recorded, and a list of the casualties by brigades is given. The American invasion and conquest of Porto Rico, the storming of Manila and the capitulation of the Spanish stronghold in the Philippines were the culminating incidents of the war, and they have received the attention which their importance warrants.

Other valuable features of the Almanac are the list of new warships now under construction, a list of auxiliary vessels purchased for the navy, with the price paid for each, and the names of all the commissioned officers of the army killed or wounded in the different operations of the war.

Altogether the Sun Almanac for 1899 is an exceptionally valuable and interesting publication. The Almanac is a gift from the publishers of THE SUN to all who are subscribers at present or who become subscribers before the delivery of the work is completed.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c at B. E. Sedberry & Son's drug store.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
Cures Piles, Scalds, Burns.

Try the "Petit Bouquet Cigar" for sale at the Fayetteville Drug Store.

Post Office Bill.

The post-office appropriation bill was taken up Thursday in the House. The greatest surprise of the day was the adoption of two amendments striking out of the bill the appropriation of $171,000 for the fast Southern mail and $25,000 for special mail facilities from Kansas City to Newton, Kansas. This appropriation for the Southern mail has been fought annually for six or seven years, but has always been retained. The increase in the appropriation for the pneumatic tube service from $225,000 to $300,000 was knocked out by the elimination of the provision, which fell under a point of order, for the repeal of the law against the extension of this service. The House adjourned with a motion to recommit it pending. The motion carried instructions to strike out the words "newly acquired territory" in connection with an appropriation of $300,000 for mail facilities in Porto Rico, Cuba, and the Phillippines.

Representative Loud, of California, in charge of the bill, explained its general provisions. It carried, he said, $105,471,638, being $247,638 more than the estimates, and $6,269,338 more than the amount carried by the current law.

POSTAL SERVICE IN ISLANDS.

Representative Loud was interrogated regarding the new features of the bill. Representative Dockery spoke of the provision appropriating $300,000 for the postal service in newly acquired territory. He suggested the propriety of defraying the expenses of the postal service in the new territory out of the receipts there. Mr. Loud agreed with the suggestion. He said half a million was asked originally for this item, but after a Cabinet meeting the Postmaster General had said that amount would not be necessary. He thought it was to be the well-settled policy of the government to meet the expenses out of the receipts. In Porto Rico, with which our relations were different, a slightly different plan might be arranged.

Representative Moody, of Massachusetts, moved to strike out the paragraph appropriating $171,238 for special Southern fast mail facilities. A fight has been made annually against this appropriation for many years. There was a debate of more than an hour over Mr. Moody's amendment. It was supported by Representative Todd, of Michigan, and opposed by Representatives Swanson, of Virginia; Carmack, of Tennessee; Gaines, of Tennessee, and Ogden, of Iowa. The amendment was carried, 82 to 46, and the appropriation was stricken out.

Representative Moody then moved to strike out the appropriation of $25,000 for special mail facilities from Kansas City, Mo., to Newton, Kan. Representative Simpson, of Kansas, defended the appropriation, which, he said, facilitated the mails for Western Kansas and the whole Southwest. The amendment was adopted and the appropriation stricken out.

Representative Clark, of Missouri, moved an amendment to the appropriation for stamped envelopes, providing that no portion of it should be expended in printing return cards upon stamped envelopes. He based his opposition to the printing of these cards by the government on the ground that it thus became a competor of small private jobbers. The amendment was ruled out on a point of order.

Graded School Report.

To the Trustees of the Graded School:

Gentlemen:—Herewith I have the honor to submit my report of third month of the current scholastic year of the Fayetteville Graded School:

Pupils on rolls at beginning of month,	200
Pupils entered during month,	23
Pupils (total for month)	223
Boys during month,	95
Girls " "	128
Average attendance,	165
Per cent. attendance,	74

Following is the

ROLL OF HONOR.

Girls—Stella Bell, Myra Bell, Frances R. Broadfoot, Mary Norcott Broadfoot, Ellen Brandt, Dixie Poe, Annie Sedberry, Amanda Amos, Caroline Bramble, Rachel Jackson, Hettie Sales, Josie Poe, Eleanor Huske, Lena Prior, Rebecca Solomon, Lena Amos.

Boys—Fletcher Sedberry, Richard Fuzell, George Johnson, George Atkinson, Walter Lambeth, Percy Stewart, Fred Adams, Louis Fisher, Claud Overby, Silas Sheets, Henry Ward, Walter Watson Cook, Albert Prior, Gordon Stewart, Henry L. Cook, Jr., Wallace Prior.

The Superintendent extends a most cordial invitation to friends and patrons to visit the school.

Respectfully,
MISS P. H. MATTHEWS,
Superintendent.

Jan. 13, 1899.

News of Interest.

Millard Moore, white, was sentenced to death Saturday in Raleigh, March 30th being fixed as the date. Moore is a desperate convict who, while attempting to escape from camp on the night of October 30th, killed a guard named Shaw.

The following call was issued in Raleigh Saturday night, signed by a number of the most prominent lawyers in the State.

"To the members of the bar of North Carolina:

"You are requested to meet at Raleigh Friday, February 10 at 7:30 o'clock to organize a bar association for North Carolina. The object is to promote the administration of justice throughout the State; advance the science of jurisprudence; maintain the standard of honor in the profession; establish cordial intercourse among members and cultivate more intimate relations with national and state bar associations."

The senate Saturday passed the Nicaragua canal bill, decided to make the anti-scalping bill the unfinished business and continue, without completion, the consideration of the Indian appropriation bill, A number of amendments were offered to the Nicaragua canal bill, and there were innumerable short speeches during the day. There was, however, no opposition to a vote when the time came and a roll call on it developed only six votes in opposition to final passage. The six votes against the bill were cast by Senators Bate, Caffery, Cockrell, Mantle, Martin and Smith.

The house bill to construct a bridge across the Savannah river from the main land to Hutchinson island was passed.

The Nicaragua canal bill as it passed continues the name of the Maritime Canal Company. It provides for the issuance of 1,000,000 shares of stock at $100 each. The secretary of the treasury is authorized to subscribe for 925,000 shares of the company's stock for the government of the United States.

Strong, steady nerves
Are needed for success
Everywhere. Nerves
Depend simply, solely,
Upon the blood.
Pure, rich, nourishing
Blood feeds the nerves
And makes them strong.
The great nerve tonic is
Hood's Sarsaparilla,
Because it makes
The blood rich and
Pure, giving it power
To feed the nerves.
Hood's Sarsaparilla
Cures nervousness,
Dyspepsia, rheumatism,
Catarrh, scrofula,
And all forms of
Impure blood.

Death of George W. Williams, Esq.

News was received here Sunday, at noon, of the death of this estimable gentleman. Mr. Williams was in his 68th year. For some time he has been in feeble health, and was stricken with paralysis only a few days ago. The attack was a severe one and he lived but three days. Although his death was not a surprise, still it was to his host of relatives and many friends cause for deep sorrow and regret.

Mr. Williams was a native of Chatham, and came to Fayetteville when a boy to attend school at the Donaldson Academy then under the care and management of that noble preceptor, Rev. Simeon Colton. Instead of going to the University of North Carolina, for which he was well prepared, he went, after a brief trip with the Forty-Niners to California, into business at Rome, on the east side of the Clarendon bridge. He was successful there, but still his aspirations were higher and he formed a partnership with his brother, Mr. J. D. Williams, with whom he conducted a general business in a store near to the one now occupied by Mr. D. H. Ray. This proved too small for their growing business, and they built a larger and more commodious store on the spot where the Opera House now stands.

Success still followed them and the name of Williams was known from the Cape Fear to the Mountains. In those days, trade, as is well known, was something immense, and, recognizing tho need of greater banking facilities, Messrs. Williams, with a few others, established the Clarendon Bank, which did a thriving business until the end of the war.

After the war, Mr. Williams moved to Wilmington. The three firms, J. D. Williams & Co., of Fayetteville, G. W. Williams & Co., of Wilmington, and Murchison & Co., of New York, were then formed. To speak of their success would be superfluous: it is known of all. From the business thus established they accumulated great fortunes.

Mr. Williams from his youth has stood well in the mercantile world, and his name has gone far and wide as one of the most successful of our business men. His business capacity and his ability to calculate ahead was the result of an active, farseeing mind, which was well cultivated in all affairs pertaining to his mercantile life.

Mr. Williams might well be called a Fayettevillian. Here he spent most of his early life, near here he found the partner of his life, who was Miss Kate Murchison, daughter of the late Col. Duncan Murchison, of Manchester.

The deceased gentleman leaves the following children: Misses Fannie and Martha Williams and Messrs. Duncan M. and John K. (of Wilmington), Robert L. (of Fayetteville), and Albert S. and David Reid (of New York.)

Marriage License.

License was granted Saturday afternoon to Mr. E. M. Cook, of 71st, and Miss Georgie Cain, daughter of Mr. Alex. Cain, of Flea Hill.

Being Partly Demolished.

Dr. Highsmith's handsome new office is being partly demolished, preparatory to being made part of the new Sanitarium building. Dr. Highsmith, in the meantime, is occupying the office on the corner of Green street and Market Square, next door to Dr. Marsh.

Married.

At Roslin, Jan. 18th, Mr. D. A. McPhail and Miss Nellie Graham, both of Hope Mills, were united in marriage by John Smith, J. P. The happy couple came to Fayetteville to take the train that evening for Alabama, where they will make their future home. We wish them a happy life.

Express Run to Newtonville Now.

Since the purchase of the C. V. & Y. V. railroad by the Atlantic Coast Line, the Express heretofore from Fayetteville to Bennetsville, has been extended to Newtonville, S. C.

Express Messenger W. L. Boyd is still on the run.

Marriage in Cedar Creek.

Mr. Jno. D. Averitt and Miss Pearl Fisher were married Wednesday morning at the home of the bride in Cedar Creek, Rev. E. J. Edwards officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Averitt were in town this morning on their way to their future home at Currie.

If you have catarrh, don't dally with local remedies, but purify and enrich your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Horrible agony is caused by Piles, Burns and Skin Diseases. These are immediately relieved and quickly cured by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of worthless imitations. King Bros.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Handsomest Cotton he Ever Saw.

Mr. F. B. Gibson, who bought 500 bales of the Brady cotton, says it is the finest lot of cotton he ever saw, and he is no mean judge. Cumberland can grow the best short staple cotton in the land and we believe always has had the reputation of doing so.

MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR.

A Pleasant Lemon Tonic

prepared from the fresh juice of Lemons combined with other vegetable liver tonics, cathartics, aromatic stimulants. Sold by druggists, 50c. and $1.00 bottles.

For biliousness and constipation.
For indigestion and foul stomach.
For sick and nervous headaches.
For palpitation and heart failure take Lemon Elixir.
For sleeplessness and nervous prostration.
For loss of appetite and debility.
For fevers, malaria, and chills take Lemon Elixir.
Ladies, for natural and thorough organic regulations, take Lemon Elixir.
Lemon Elixir will not fail you in any of the above named diseases, all of which arise from a torpid or diseased liver, stomach or kidneys.
50. and $1 bottles at all druggists.
Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

At the Capitol.

I have just taken the last of two bottles of Dr. Mozley's Lemon Elixir for nervous headache, indigestion, with diseased liver and kidneys. The Elixir cured me. I found it the greatest medicine I ever used.
J. H. MENNICH, Attorney.
1225 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Mozley's Lemon Elixir

W. A. James, Bell Station, Ala., writes: I have suffered greatly from indigestion or dyspepsia, one bottle of Lemon Elixir did me more good than all the medicine I have ever taken.

MOZLEY'S LEMON HOT DROPS.

Cures all Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Hemorrhage, and all throat and lung diseases. Elegant, reliable.
25c. at druggists. Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.
daily sat. & weekly.

Legislative Agitation.

There is another agitation going on among the people of Cumberland county, and though it is at present overshadowed by the all absorbing dispensary question, it is receiving the attention of the county folks to no little extent. We speak of the no fence law and the proposed additional legislation. There are strong advocates on both sides, battling for and against the stock law fence.

When Will the C. F. & Y. V. Change Hands?

From the fact that Messrs. Walters and Newcomer have called a meeting of the stockholders of the Atlantic & Yadkin Railroad (the C. F. & Y. V.) to meet in Wilmington the 4th of February, we judge that the C. F. & Y. V. will change hands before that time.

It is thought by some that the road cannot change hands until Dr. Lash returns from Cuba, in order that his signature may be affixed to the deed, but we are informed that this is not necessary as the court has ordered Dr. Lash to sign the deed and he can do so after the transfer takes place.

The deed of sale will require $3,600 in revenue stamps, and will have to be recorded in every county through which the road runs, thirteen as follows: New Hanover, Pender, Sampson, Cumberland, Harnett, Moore, Chatham, Randolph, Guilford, Forsyth, Surry, Robeson and Richmond.

Fayetteville Military Academy.

We call attention to the fact that the spring session of this flourishing school will open on Monday next. The aim of Dr. Murphy, the Principal, is to educate in the highest and fullest sense of the term. In discipline the endeavor is to govern by influences that rule in well-ordered homes, appeal being chiefly made to the manly instincts of the students.

In addition to the usual English branches, a thorough course is studied in the Greek and Latin languages, also in French, German and Spanish by those who wish to take a full collegiate course. The business department of the F. M. A. affords young men an excellent opportunity of learning book keeping, commercial accounts, penmanship, &c.

So far, the F. M. A. has had a prosperous year. Quite a number of new boys have entered since Christmas, and others are expected next week. The number of pupils now enrolled is about sixty.

The corps of teachers is as follows:

Dr. Sam'l W. Murphy, A. M., Principal.

Capt. C. A. Short, Head Master.

Capt. H. L. Murphy, Commandant.

Prof. J. L. Margrauder, teacher of ancient and modern languages.

Fox Chase Through Town.

Night before last a party of hunters ran a fox into the city, down Rowan Street and through Redbone, the catch taking place in the yard of Capt. W. P. Wemyss.

Change in Officers.

Mr. A. J. Cook has been elected Secretary of the Fayetteville Real Estate Agency, vice Mr. C. L. Taylor resigned. Dr. J. W. McNeill succeeds Mr. Cook as Treasurer of the Agency.

Officers of Wooden Ware Company.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Fayetteville Wooden Ware Company last week, Mr. J. W. Hollingsworth was re-elected President and Mr. Royal D. Jones was elected secretary and treasurer.

An Old Cane.

Mr. J. Sam Harper has a stick, the history of which can be traced back to 1756. It was known to be in the possession of Beaufort Benson in 1757, who moved from Hyde county to Orange about that year. Mr. R. L. Ray, of Selma, a great-grandson of Mr. Benson, presented the cane the other day to Mr. Harper.

Fayetteville and the Textile School.

The Red Springs Citizen, in speaking of the proposed Textile School, says:

Our neighboring town Fayetteville has our best wishes always, and we trust her wide-awake citizens will strain every nerve to have it located there. It is a healthy place, the society is good and there are factories there which give to the students practical lessons. In fact, it is our wish that Fayetteville will get the school.

Notes of Interest.

Senator Pritchard yesterday introduced a bill for the establishment of a military post at Raleigh. Under its terms not less than 640 acres, nor more then 2,000 acres, to be selected within ten miles of Raleigh, the site to be approved by the Commanding General of the army. The bill carries an appropriation of $100,000 for the purpose.

The Raleigh News and Observer of this morning says:

"The people need not get restless about the "Jim Crow" car law. A hearing will be given to the railroad men to-day, and before Saturday night it will be a law unless all signs fail. This Legislature is going to treat railroads fairly, and it is going to require separate cars on all trains.

Before Senator Osborne and Representatives Patterson and Justice a preliminary hearing in the investigation as to the dismissal of J. W. and S. Otho Wilson from the railroad commission was had to-night. Judges MacRae and Avery and Day and Douglas appeared for Governor Russell, John Gray Bynum and R. O. Burton for J. W. Wilson, and R. H. Battle for S. Otho Wilson. Counsel for the Governor stated that they knew the names of none of his witnesses, but that Douglas, who was absent, had prepared the list, which would be submitted to-morrow. They asked for a continuance until the witnesses could be produced, no one of whom, they understood, lived nearer than Morganton. The committee fixed Wednesday night for argument.

IN OLDEN TIMES

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently overcome habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system. Buy the genuine, made by the California Fig Syrup Co.

How to Prevent Pneumonia.

You are perhaps aware that pneumonia always results from a cold or from an attack of la grippe. During the epidemic of la grippe a few years ago when so many cases resulted in pneumonia, it was observed that the attack was never followed by that disease when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy was used. It counteracts any tendency of a cold or la grippe to result in that dangerous disease. It is the best remedy in the world for bad colds and la grippe. Every bottle warranted. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

Returned Home Jubilant.

The following is a list of the committee which has been in Raleigh fighting for the Dispensary and which returned home Tuesday in high spirits over the victory: Rev. C. A. G. Thomes, Rev. T. H. Leavitt, Rev. B. H. Black, and Messrs. Q. K. Nimocks, J. M. Lamb, J. W. McLauchlin, W. H. Downing, H. B. Downing, Jno. A. Oates, Jr., D. T. Oates, D. J. Breece, E. J. House, Z. B. Newton and Dr. J. W. McNeill.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement, that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefitted from first dose. She continued its use and after taking six bottles, found herself sound and well; now does her own housework, and is as well as she ever was.—Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store, large bottles 50c. and $1.00.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., JAN'Y 26, 1899

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the veiws or statements of correspondents—and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

Correspondence for the Weekly Observer should reach the office not later than Monday.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

I DEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opera House.
Harper Wnisky.
Clyde Line---Sailing Days.
McD. Geddie---Fence Tax Notice.
Fayetteville Drug Store—Buist's Onion Sets, &c.
Fayetteville Drug Store—Buist's Fresh Garden Seed.
H. L. Cook—Land Sale—postponed until May 1st, 1899.
Frank Thornton Dry Goods Co.---The Observed of All Observers.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Gaddie, of Fitzgerald, Georgia are here on a visit to friends.

We regret to learn that Mr. J. W. Menefee will shortly move his family to New York to live, Mr. Menefee's business requiring much of his time in that city.

Settling Up the Blue Estate.

Dr. K. A. Blue and Mr. L. A. Blue, executors, of the late Neill R. Blue, are making final settlement of the estate before Clerk of the Court McKethan.

Funeral of Mr. Davis.

The funeral of the late Allen Davis took place Sunday afternoon from the Methodist Church, his memory being honored by the presence of a number of friends. He was an honest man and a life-long Democrat. For ten years past he has been an invalid and he has been carried to the polls at each recurring election at his own request.

The Dispensaryites go Back to Raleigh

The following gentlemen left Sunday to be present when the dispenary matter comes up in the House today: Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, Rev. T. H. Leavitt, Jno. A. Oates, H. B. Downing, W. H. Downing, Q. K. Nimocks, J. M. Lamb, Z. B. Newton, D. J. Breece and E. J. House.

Hon. Geo. M. Rose and Sheriff Geo. A. Burns, Anti-Dispensaryites, went on the same train.

Death of Dr. Jennings.

Dr. J. T. Jennings, an uncle of our townsman, Mr. E. H. Jennings, died at his home in Bennettsville Sunday afternoon. He was the oldest and most prominent physician in Marlboro county and the Senior Elder in the Presbyterian Church of Bennettsville. Dr. Jennings leaves a widow and several children, most of them grown. Mr. E. H. Jennings leaves this afternoon to attend the funeral which takes place tomorrow morning.

A Distingaished Canadian Here.

Hon. and Mrs. Thos. Temple, of Ottawa, Canada, spent Saturday in the city on their way home from the South. Mr. Temple is a member of the Canadian Senate, and a distinguished citizen of Canada. He was much pleased with Fayetteville.

Death of an Aged Citizen.

Mr. Allen Davis died Saturday at eleven o'clock at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. H. C. Davis, in the McIntyre building. Mr. Davis was 82 years old and has been a citizen of this town for fifty years, coming here in 1849 from Lenoir county, the place of his nativity.

Wholesale Destruction of Crows.

Mr. S. B. Talbot drove into town Saturday with eleven dead crows strung to his cart. He exhibited them with great glee, and said that he supposed by this time his whole farm is black with dead crows. "The black varments," as he calls them, have been playing havoc with his farm, so this morning he soaked a peck of cracked corn in a solution of strychnine and scattered it broadcast. In a short while he picked up the eleven and when he left for town they were falling thick and fast.

News of Interest.

The merchants of Raleigh held a meeting Friday to take action relative to securing the repeal of the merchants' purchase tax by the legislature. A committee was appointed to act in conjunction with similar committees from other towns in the State.

The Clinton Democrat says that since the refusal of the county commissioners to grant license for the sale of liquor there is considerable talk of having the Legislature establish a dispensary for Clinton on the order of the Fayetteville dispensary. There is not much opposition to a dispensary, and it would not be difficult to procure the establishment of one.

Rev. T. J. Gattis, a Methodist preacher at Oxford, institutes suit against Rev. Dr. John C. Kilgo for slander, the outcome of the recent Clark Kilgo matter. Some of the trustees of Trinity college are also included in the suit.

The Raleigh correspondent of Saturday morning's Wilmington Messenger says: The arguments for the establishment of a state textile school are very strong. The mill needs experts. Now they have to go out of the State to learn. The great machine works will stock the school with all needed machinery, as they did Clemsen college, S. C., where there is a flourishing textile school. North Carolina now spins 326 000 bales of cotton, and in the cotton mills 20,000 operatives make an average of $5 00 a week wages. It is the testimony of experts that the mills raise the price of cotton in this State ½ cent per pound.

THE LEGISLATURE

The Peace Treaty Sat Down On

The Senate met at 10 o'clock. Favorable report was made on the bill exempting ex confederate soldiers from peddler's license tax and on the bill requiring any promise by bankrupt to be in writing.

The resolution by Senator Fuller (colored), requesting the North Carolina senators and representatives in congress to vote to ratify the peace treaty with Spain and labor for local self government for any newly acquired territory was tabled without a dissenting vote.

The resolution was adopted urging congress to build a lighthouse at Cape Beacon, Pamlico county, and also the bill to appoint two extra commissioners of Sampson county.

HOUSE.

The house met at 10 o'clock.

Bills were introduced as follows: To allow the chairmen of county commissioners and boards of education to administer oaths. To appropriate $16,500 for each of the years 1899 and 1900 for improvements at the institution for the white blind. By Mr. Carr, of Duplin, to require separate cars or compartments of cars for whites and blacks on railway trains. By Mr. Allen, to abolish fusion board of directors of the negro normal school at Goldsboro.

Mr. Allen's bill to take charge of the Atlantic and North Carolina railway and the North Carolina railway were taken up. Mr. Allen said with entire frankness the bill was for the purpose of placing these roads in the hands of the Democratic party and to take their control out of the hands of the governor. He then told of how the fusionists had grabbed these roads, and given the governor entire control of the board of internal improvements.

There was no debate and the bill passed.

The bill to prescribe a short form of chattel mortgage and crop lien combined, also reducing the fees thereon came up. The fee to the register is 30 cents, and 10 cents can still continue to be used, old fees aggregating $1.05. The short form of chattel mortgage in use at 20 and 10 cents still continue to be used. The bill passed its second reading, many western counties being excepted. It was then recommitted to the judiciary committee.

Saturday's Doings.

SENATE.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock.

Bills were introduced as follows: To enable married women to contract just as feme soles. To protect operators in bonds from loss on values.

The following bills passed final reading: To amend section 2831 of the Code, by making it lawful to impose fine of $10 00 or ten days imprisonment for hunting on land without written permission. To repeal chapter 208, laws of 1897 (which allows $1 00 a day to special veniremen.) To require new promise or contract of bankrupt to be in writing. To validate oaths made by holding up of hands. To exempt confederate soldiers from paying peddler's tax, provided that they shall not act as agent for another.

HOUSE.

House met at 10 o'clock. Mr. Overman was in the speaker's chair. The following bills were introduced: To amend the Code in regard to vagrants by punishing vagrancy by thirty days' labor on the public roads. To amend the Code so as to punish fornification and adultery between negroes and whites by jail imprisonment of not less than four months or penitentiary imprisonment of not over five years and make it a felony. To punish carrying concealed weapons by fine from $5 00 to $15.00 for the first offense and from $15.00 to $30 for each subsequent offence. To provide punishment of pools, trusts, conspiracies and combinations. To require all lots of timber of more than 1,000 feet to be inspected by sworn inspector. To amend the Code so unsupported evidence of women shall not be sufficient to convict. To incorporate Raeford educational institute. To incorporate Commonwealth Fire Insurance Company of Asheville. By Mr. Willard, to allow the governor to appoint naval aide, with rank of commodore and also to create a naval brigade composed of all the divisions in the state.

Fayetteville Charter Amendment Passes—Evangelist Leavitt Opens the House with Prayers.

IN THE SENATE

Favorable reports of committees were made on the following bills: To repeal the charter of Newbern. To enable married women to contract as femes soles.

The following bills passed. To amend chapter 153, laws 1893. (Incorporating Fayetteville.) To improve roads in Anson. To amend section 1308 of the Code, with regard to drainage of low lands. To change the name of Harriston, Pitt county.

IN THE HOUSE.

Evangelist Leavitt, of Fayetteville, opened the House session with prayer. Divine blessing was invoked on the different branches of the government and especially upon the governor who, the minister declared, "so needs our prayers at this time."

The judiciary committee unfavorably reported the bill allowing persons to carry concealed weapons.

The following bills were introduced: By Mr. Rountree, to amend section 503 of the Code. To protect land owners against depredations of tenents. To regulate salaries and fees of registers of deeds. To provide separate waiting rooms for the races in the depots. By Mr. Stevens, of Union, anti-trust bill. By Mr. Robinson, of Fayetteville, additional petitions against a dispensary. To give judges power to debar attorneys from practice in courts, when guilty of immoral and disreputable acts, and power of appeal is given such attorneys to the supreme court. By Mr. Rountree, to incorporate divisions of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company under the laws of North Carolina as follows: To amend and re enact chapter 284 of laws of 1893 concerning the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company, and to authorize that company to change its name to the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company of North Carolina; to ratify the consolidation of Petersburg Railroad Company with the Richmond and Petersburg Railroad Company under the name of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company of Virginia in North Carolina; to likewise incorporate the Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta railroad and the Cheraw and Darlington Railroad Company of South Carolina under the name of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company in the state of North Carolina; to declare the South Eastern Railroad Company a duly incorporated company; and to amend and enlarge its charter.

The bill for the relief of A. L. Swinson, of Goldsboro, enrolling clerk of the last fusion legislature, was debated in a lively fashion. On a yea and nay vote the bill was defeated—ayes, 37; nays, 60.

HOW IT WAS DONE.

The Proceedings in Sustaining the Dispensary

The Raleigh News and Observer has the following graphic account of the proceedings in the House on the Dispensary matter Tuesday:

Much after the manner of one who enters upon the discharge of a disagreeable duty with the determination to do it, and be done with it, the House yesterday morning took up the Fayetteville Dispensary bill and disposed of it.

Immediately upon the announcement of the calendar, Mr. Robinson, of Cumberland, called up the bill, saying that there was quite a large delegation in the city from Fayetteville and they desired the matter settled so that they might return home.

"In 1897," Mr. Robinson went on to explain after the bill had been read, "the county of Cumberland was represented by two Republicans. Without consulting their people they secured the passage of this law. It is charged that they did so through malice toward some of those who secured the defeat of their pet scheme—a police bill for Fayetteville. How much truth there is in the charge, I can't say.

The citizens of Fayetteville are very much divided on the dispensary question. Some who first opposed it now favor it, claiming that it promotes good morals. The property owners, as a rule, though oppose it on the ground that it hurts business.

"I am heartily in favor of good morals. I am likewise in favor of helping the business interests of Fayetteville. I am also a democrat. I believe we can never do better than submit the question to the people from whom we derive our authority. But right here I am met with an embarrassing situation. They say we favor submitting the matter to the people, but who are the people? There is a large, ignorant and corrupt negro vote. What are you going to do with them? My substitute bill, which is now before the House, provides for submitting this thing to a popular vote, under such election law as we shall here pass. The same people will vote on this question of dispensary as will vote on the Constitutional amendment.

Before the dispensary Fayetteville had twelve bar-rooms which paid $1,200 to Fayetteville and $1,200 to Cumberland county. Now, from this dispensary, the town gets $2,400 and the county gets $2,400. Besides the dispensary has made some $10,000."

Mr. Rountree, of New Hanover: How does the gentleman think we ought to vote on this bill?

Mr. Robinson: I am willing to refer the matter to the wisdom of the House. It's a matter that concerns not only Cumberland county, but it concerns every county in the State, and the whole democratic party. It sets a precedent.

Mr. McLean, of Harnett: On which side, in your opinion, are a majority of the white people?

Mr. Robinson: I have no way to come to that. If we judge by the petitions the people are divided.

Mr. Rountree: "How does the gentleman think we ought to vote?"

Mr. Robinson: "Every man ought to vote as he sees fit. I will say frankly I shall vote for my substitute."

Mr. Powell of Wake: "Do you think the dispensary has reduced crime?"

Mr. Robinson: "If the reports of the mayor of Fayetteville be true it has reduced crime. Some others say it hasn't."

Mr. Ransom, of Mecklenburg: "Can't the question be submitted to a vote of the white people?"

Mr. Robinson: "There is no machinery in North Carolina for submitting it to such a vote.

"It is a question of under which king we will serve: King Dispensary or King Bar room."

Mr. Moore, of Jackson: "Have you any petitions to let this dispensary stand as it now is?"

Mr. Robinson: "I have."

Mr. Moore: "Have you any petition to submit it to a vote of the people?"

Mr. Robinson: "I have not. It is this way. I want to do what is right.

"One asks one thing. The other asks the opposite thing. In order to settle the matter right, I've introduced this bill, which incorporates the amendments asked by both sides and then leave the matter to be decided at the polls."

Mr. Boushall: "Any negroes on the petition against the dispensary?"

Mr. Robinson: "About 200, I think."

"Mr. Boushall: "Any minors and people of bad character who couldn't get whisky at the dispensary?"

Mr. Robinson: "I have heard that charged."

Mr. Council, of Watauga: "Under the operations of the dispensary have the morals of Fayetteville been improved?"

Mr. Robinson: "Some people say they have, some say they have not."

Mr. James, of Pender: "What is the gentleman's opinion?"

Mr. Robinson: "It is hard to form an individual opinion."

Mr. White, of Halifax, said he very much appreciated the position in which the gentleman from Cumberland (Robinson) was placed.

"He's between two hot fires, and he finds it hard work to keep out of danger. I'm clear as to how I'm going to vote. I shall not vote to change something when by so doing you run the risk of going back to what's worse. And in my opinion the gentleman from Cumberland will do the same if he votes as he ought. If he leaves it to a popular vote the negroes will vote and he will lose his dispensary.

It strikes me anyway that the gentleman from Cumberland has slightly changed his base since this thing began."

Mr. Davis, of Haywood, explained the fight before the committee and the considerations that influenced them in their report.

Mr. Clarkson, of Mecklenburg, (to Mr. Davis, of Haywood:) "I believe you are from a county that has a dispensary. How does it work up there?"

Mr. Davis: My people, I believe, approve it. There is great improvement in the morals of the town of Waynesville. The improvement in the country is not so great."

Mr. Clarkson thought the dispensary the true solution of the liquor traffic problem in the cities.

Mr. Alexander, of Rutherford, (to Mr. Robinson): You are in favor of eliminating the negro from politics. Yet you want to send this matter back to them to vote on?"

Mr. Robinson: "This act is not to go into effect until June and by that time the new election law will be in force."

Mr. White, of Halifax, amended the bill to strike out the section providing for submitting the question to a vote of the people

Mr. Robinson said a majority of the property holders—certainly the large property owners were opposed to the dispensary.

Mr. White: "Don't a majority of the property owners on the anti-dispensary petition live outside the town?"

Mr. Robinson: "Some of them do and some don't. There are property owners on both petitions."

Mr. Ray, of Macon, chairman of the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, thought it time the House that he make a statement. The committeee, he said, was divided on the bill. Three favored submitting the bill to a vote of the people, provided the election be held under the new law. All the committee favored the amendments. Everybody wanted the bill, outside of section 8, which the amendment of the gentleman from Halifax (White) strikes out.

"I was in the minority—favoring a submission of the question to the voters. But I want to say right here, no matter how you vote you'll not wound my feelings. If you adopt the amendment of the gentleman of Halifax (White) you will do just what a majority of the white people are asking.

The previous question was called, but Mr. Robinson asked its withdrawal in order that his colleague (Ray, of Cumberland) might give the House his views.

It was withdrawn, but Mr. Ray declined to speak, despite Mr. Robinson's urgent invitations.

Mr. Robinson called the ayes and noes, but the call was not sustained.

Mr. White's amendment striking out the provision for submitting the matter to a vote of the people was adopted without a dissenting vote.

This done the bill passed its several readings unanimously.

Warships Hurrying to Samoa.

By cable to the Observer.

Wellington, New Zealand, Jan. 19.—It is reported that owing to trouble at Samoa growing out of the election of a successor to the late King Malietoa, three British war ships have proceeded there, and one American war ship will start for the Islands from Honolula.

Washington, January 19.—Owing to the gravity of the situation at Samoa the President to-day ordered the Cruiser Philadelphia to proceed to Apia, Samoa, as soon as possible. The Philadelphia left Acapulco, Mexico, on the twelfth and is due in San Francisco to-day.

Auckland, Jan. 19.—Further particulars from Samoa show that the American Consul issued a proclamation claiming that the Berlin treaty had the same force as a law of Congress; that an insult to the Supreme Court of Samoa was equivalent to an insult to the government at Washington.

A Brave Boy.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Newberg, N. Y., Jan. 24th.—Walter Watts, aged 17, and Mary Sinclair, aged 18, of this city, were drowned last night in the Hudson River, near Windsor, while returning from skating. Six others skated into open water. Their companions tried to save them, but failed. Watts might have saved himself had he deserted Miss Sinclair, but became benumbed while holding her and sank.

The Quay Senatorial Contest.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Harrisburg, Jan. 23rd.—The outlook today for a long deadlock in the senatorial contest is more promising than at any time since the fight began. Attorney General Elkin said he didn't expect any conclusion for several days, but intimated that the end might come any time. Frank Willing Leach, regarded as one of the most clear headed Quay calculators, gave as his opinion today that the fight will continue for weeks. He estimates that Quay can hold at least a hundred for months if necessary. He admits that a few can pull away under pressure, but not enough to effect the result. It is understood that Jenks will remain in the field to the end, in order to hold the Democrats firmly in line and prevent the election of Quay.

7th Ballott.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

Harrisburg, January 25.—In the 7th ballott Quay 104, Jenks 74, Dalzell 16, Stone 8, Huff 3. Remainder scattering.

Wrecked Mariners.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, Jan. 25.—The Steamship City of Washington from Havana brings sixteen passengers from the steamship Versallis which was wrecked near Havana.

The Venezulian Commission.

By cable to the Observer.

Paris, Jan. 25th.—The preliminary sitting of the Venezulian boundry dispute met in the court of arbitration room used by the Spanish-American Peace Commissioners. The meeting was purely formal. The next meeting will be in April.

Patti Married.

By cable to the Observer.

London, Jan. 25th.—Adelina Patti was married this morning at Brecon, Wales, to Baron Bederitrom. The wedding breakfast was served on the train enroute to London.

Trophies of War.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, Jan. 25.—The Steamship City of Washington brings tropies of war from Havana. They include 161 cannon and pieces of artillery.

Stocks Advance.

By telegraph to the Observer:

Wall Street, N. Y., Jan. 25th.—Big buying and large bull combinations caused a general recovery all along the line. Flour stock lead the advance, Anthracite coal stocks advanced, and Reading first preferred 2½, second preferred ½.

A Schooner Ashore.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Cape May, January 25.—The three masted schooner "Mamie Sanders", of Richmond, Va., loaded with railroad ties, is ashore at Cold Spring Bar.

Wannamaker Buys a Newspaper.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, Jan'y 25.—R. E. A. Dorrat, manager of the "Mail and Express," representing a syndicate, has purchased the North American Newspaper. It is said that Mr. Wannamaker is the principal owner, and that G. H. Warburton will be concerned in its management.

To insure a happy new year, keep the liver clear and the body vigorous by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation and liver troubles. King Bros.

BUIST'S WHITE & YELLOW ONION SETS. PEAS, BEANS AND N C COLLARD SEED at The Fayetteville Drug Store.

and Harness Mfg. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Senator Davis Calls for that $20,000,000.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, Jan'y 25.—Senator Cushman K. Davis, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, offered an amendment to the sundry civil bill appropriating twenty millions of dollars to pay Spain according to the terms of the treaty.

General Greene Commends Cuban Troops.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, January 25.—A synopsis of General Greene's report covering the Cuban troops, made public to-day, expresses the belief that the insurgent's force contains the basis of a fine body of native troops. Their equipment is wretched and their immediate organization is necessary.

Another Big Battle

By cable to the Observer.

Guayaquil, via Galveston, Jan'y 25.—News was received here to-day of a battle between the revolutionists and government troops at Aucaqa. The battle raged all day and finally the government won a victory. The total losses were 400 killed and 300 wounded. The government lost heavily. 400 rebels were taken prisoners. The defeated insurgents fled in disorder toward the province of Bolwai.

Vote on Treaty February 6th.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, Jan. 25th.—The Senate went into Executive Session for the consideration of the Peace Treaty.

LATER.

The Senate agreed unanimously to vote on the Treaty February 6th.

The House is debating the army reorganization bill. Mr. Gibson of Tennessee, was the first speaker, and advocated the passage of the Hull bill.

Dewey Flings His Sword into the Scale.

By cable to the Observer.

London, Jan. 25.—Hamilton Brown, the Editor of the British Review, received a letter today from Rear Admiral Dewey dated at Manila Dec. 18th, in response to his request for an expression of the Admiral's opinion as to Great Britain's Imperial policy. Admiral Dewey says: "After many years wandering, I have come to the conclusion that the mightiest factor in the civilization of the world is the Imperial policy of England."

The Trial of Egan Begins.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, Jan. 25th.—The trial of General Egan began this morning at the Ebbitt House. General Wesley Merritt, president of the court, called the members to order. Judge Advocate Davis read the order convening the court. Attorney Worthington represented the defendant. All members of the court were present and the charges and specifications were read. General Egan responded to the specification to the first charge, "not guilty," not denying, however, the specifications which set forth correctly a part of the language used; to the specification to the second charge, "not guilty," not denying, however, the specification which sets forth correctly a part of the language used. The Judge Advocate remarked to the court that the plea was unusual, as the defendant pleaded not guilty with a qualification—that is to say, he did not deny the specifications which set forth a part of the statements made. Colonel Davis explained this admission by saying that it did not relieve the prosecution from the necessity of proving that the language had been used. Mr. Worthington, for the defense, stated that the plea had been made advisedly by him, as he believed that the accused was entitled to have the prosecution set forth every thing said in the statement involved. General Egan's counsel claims for him the protection promised in the instructions of the President when he appointed the Investigating Commission.

The smallest things may exert the greatest influence. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are unequalled for overcoming constipation and liver troubles. Small pill, best pill, safe pill. King Bros.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

A FULL LINE OF BRUSHES. EVERY TOOTH BRUSH SOLD BY US GUARANTEED. FAYETTEVILLE DRUG STORE.

DO YOU KNOW

Consumption is preventable? Science has proven that, and also that neglect is suicidal. The worst cold or cough can be cured with Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure. Sold on positive guarantee for over fifty years. McDuffie's Drug Store.

A. B. WILLIAMS,
COTTON BUYER,
HAY STREET,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS

REVISED DAILY.

COTTON

Middling	6
Good Middling	6¼
Market—firm.	

NAVAL STORES

Spirits	39c
Common Rosin	70
Virgin	1 70
Yellow Dip	1 70
Hard	1 20

PRODUCE

REPORTED BY A. S. HUSKE, GROCER.

Flour—1st pat., sack,	$2.35@2.65
Family Flour—2nd pat., sack	$2.10 @ 2.35
Hides—dry—per lb.	8@10
" —green—per lb.	5
Wool—washed	15@20
Bacon—hog round per lb—	9
" —ham	10½12½
" —sides	8½
" —shoulders	8½
Oats—32 lbs per bushel	40@45
Peas—clay	45@50
" —mixed	40@45
" —white,	55@65
Meal—bolted—46 lbs per bushel	50@55
" —unbolted—48 lbs per bushel	50@55
Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel	46@47½
Onions—select—per bushel	70@90
Lard—N. C.	7@7½
Tallow	2½@4
Ducks	15@20
Hens—per head	20@25
Roosters—per head	17½@20
Turkeys—per lb	7½@8
Guineas	16@17½
Geese	25@30
Butter—choice yellow	16@20
Honey—strained—per lb	9@10
Eggs,	10@11
Feathers—new	35@40
Potatoes—Irish	90@120
Potatoes—Sweet	25@40
Pork	4½@5

Will Probably be an Extra Session of Congress.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, Jan. 21.—If the Peace Treaty fails of ratification at this session the President will call an extra session. If the army reorganization bill fails of passage the President will call an extra session. This makes it look now decidedly as if there will be an extra session.

Mr. S. A. Fackler, Editor of the Micanopy (Fla.) Hustler, with his wife and children suffered terribly from LaGrippe One Minute Cough Cure was the only remedy that helped them. It acted quickly. Thousands of others use this remedy as a specific for La Grippe, and its exhausting after effects. King Bros.

"GOOD HORSE SENSE" is a short treatise on the horse. FREE at the FAYETTEVILLE DRUG STORE.

On Every Bottle

Of Shiloh's Consumption Cure is this guarantee: "All we ask of you is to use two thirds of the contents of this bottle faithfully, then if you can say you are not benefitted return the bottle to your Druggist and he may refund the price paid." Price 25 cts., 50 cts. and $1.00.

McDuffie's Drug Store.

The Observed of all Observers

at a swell function, or in the street, are the Coats, Suits and Furs that are selected from our high class novelties in Jackets, Capes, Furs and Tailor-made Suits

We have shoved the price down on them until there is hardly any price left on them.

$ 2 00	Furs and Collarettes	at $1 23.
4 00	" " "	at 2 25.
6 00	" " "	at 3 00.
5 00	Ladies Jackets,	at 2 98
12 00	" "	at 7 48.

Every Jacket in the house 10 per cent. less than cost.

Frank Thornton DRY GOODS COMPANY

FAYETTEVILLE OPERA HOUSE

WEEK COMMENCING

Monday, January 30th.

Dantanelle

MASTER OF HYPNOTISM.

The originator of every act that makes this art bewildering, interesting, laughable, instructive, pleasing and marvelous.

Ladies Free Monday night if accompanied by an escort holding a paid 35c ticket. Prices 15, 25, 35c.

Land Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, rendered at the May Term, 1898, in an action entitled A. H. Slocomb against John C. Ray and wife, the undersigned will expose to sale to the highest bidder for CASH, at the Market House in the city of Fayetteville, on the

25th Day of January, 1899,

at 12 o'clock M., the following described lands, to wit: "Located in Quewhiffle township, adjoining lands of D. J. Patterson, J. A. Gillis, M. D. Bethune and others, being the same tract of land conveyed to John C. Ray by John McDonald about the year 1868, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland county, to which reference is made for a more particular discription." The tract contains about 150 acres.

The sale is subject to the contingent dower interest of Mary A. Ray.

December 24th, 1898.

H. L. COOK,
Commissioner.

☞The above sale has been postponed until Wednesday February 1st, 1899.

THE VERY FINEST.

The ne plus ultra.

The creme de la creme.

THAT'S

HARPER WHISKY

IN THREE LANGUAGES.

☞Sold in Fayetteville, N. C.

COLD WEATHER COOKING
—IS MADE—
DELICIOUS
—AND—
WHOLESOME
—WITH—
CAROLINA BAKING POWDER.

Cake and Breads made with Carolina keep moist and fresh and do not dry up as when made with low grade powders containing ammonia or alum.

FOR SALE BY GROCERS.

Manufactured by
H. R. HORNE,
Fayetteville, N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

Strictly First-Class Work.

Call at my yard or write for prices.
Respectfully,
E. L. REMSBURG,
Proprietor,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Strayed.

A suitable reward will be offered for the return of two hogs that strayed from the John Buie place on the Center plank road, six miles from Fayetteville. Description: Sow hogs, one a sandy color and the other black and white-spotted with ears dropping over the eyes; both hogs unmarked

W. A. POOLE.

December 22-4t

Fence Tax Notice

The Fence Tax for Cross Creek, Carver's Creek, Seventy-first, Pearce's Mill, Gray's Creek, Flea Hill, Cedar Creek and Flea Hill, for 1898, is now past due. The inhabitants of these townships are required to call and settled between now and 15th of February, after which I shall make levy.

McD. GEDDIE,
Ex-Sheriff.

Jan'y 21-d2twtd.

FARMERS' WIVES

or any other ladies who wish to work

Can Earn Lots of Money

working for us in spare time at home on our cloths. We offer you a good chance to make plenty of spending money easily, in leisure hours. Send 12c. for cloth and full directions for work, and commence at once. Cloth sent anywhere. Address

WINOOSKET CO., (25-N. C.,) Boston, Mass., Mfg. Dept,
Dec. 15, 1898—wly.

Visit "The Hay St. Grocer,"

BUY YOUR XMAS CANDIES, NUTS, &c.,

Make the Little Ones Happy

and get ready for the New Year.

You have my best wishes for future success and happiness.

Yours, &c., to command.
A. S. HUSKE.

COTTON SEED MEAL FOR SALE.

We are now offering prime new meal to farmers of this and adjoining counties **FOR CASH OR ON TIME.**

Send for prices and terms.

Fayetteville Cotton Seed Oil and Fertilizer Company.

January 19-4t J. R. WILLIAMS, Manager.

ROUGH WORK.

It's hard work trying to down an article of merit.

"Perfection" will not down.

It's the best and cheapest flour sold in Fayetteville. Other excellent brands for less money.

Anything you want in the line of Staple Groceries. Lots of other goods besides.

FERTILIZERS.

We will again handle NAVASSA, SEA-FOWL and other celebrated brands of Fertilizers including ACID PHOSPHATE and KAINIT. Prices right.

Q. K. NIMOCKS,

Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

WOOD! - WOOD! WOOD!

We have on hand all kinds of wood:

Oak, Pine and Lightwood.

All we ask for is a part of the trade.

Just call at our yard at Laundry and see our wood, and you will be convinced that it is the best on market.

Ledbetter Bros.

Pemberton's Book and Music House,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines,

Bicycle and Bicycle Sundries sold on *easy terms.*
School Books and School Supplies.
Singing Books, Bibles and Sunday-school Literature.
Pictures, Easels—Picture Frames made to order.

WALL PAPER,

Fancy Goods and Toys for the Children

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.
Our Stock is large and very complete.
Prices Low.

WALTER WATSON'S HARDWARE HOUSE
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
ESTABLISHED 1866.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Lumber and Building Material
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Thoroughly Dried Material Always On Hand.
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, AND MOULDINGS
Farming Implements
OF ALL KINDS,
Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Rakes, Ploughs, Forks, &
SIX FT. WIRE NETTING,
PRICES LOWER THAN EVER ON THIS MATERIAL
Steam Fixtures for Saw Mills.
Agent for the Frick Co. Engines and Machinery.
☞ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON PLANTS OF ANY CAPACITY.
Yours Respectfully,
WALTER WATSON.

Twenty Years Proof.

Tutt's Liver Pills keep the bowels in natural motion and cleanse the system of all impurities An absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, constipation and kindred diseases.

"Can't do without them"

R. P. Smith, Chilesburg, Va. writes I don't know how I could do without them. I have had Liver disease for over twenty years. Am now entirely cured.

Tutt's Liver Pills

The F. I. L. I. Ball---A Brilliant Spectacle

No dance in Fayetteville has presented a more brilliant spectacle than the ball Thursday night given to the city by the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry Company. Nearly two thirds of the young men wore the splendid new grey full dress uniform of the F. I. L. I. while here and there could be seen the blue of one of Uncle Sam's volunteers from other organizations. The fair women were not to be outshone by the brilliance of the war heroes, so they just assumed their loveliest airs, and whether in calico or silk, (though we saw none in calico) the battle was easily on their side. Then there were the hundreds of onlookers, well sprinkled with the non-dancing soldier, including the gallant war Mayor and several of the retired commanders, all in uniform, making a charming frame to a most lovely picture.

At one o'clock Remsburg's excellent Orchestra gave the familiar signal for the last set, and soon the dance of the season was at an end.

The following were among the participants:

Dr. H. W. Lilly, with Miss Hester Calvert; Mr. A. B. Williams, Jr., with Miss Margaret S. Bryan; Capt. N. H. McGeachy, with Miss Kendrick, of Philadelphia; Mr. Emmett Pemberton, with Miss Juilette Kendrick, of Philadelphia; Mr. W. F. Leak, with Miss Martin; Mr. L. C. Wooten, with Miss Katherine Underwood; Capt. S. H. MacRae, with Miss Marceline Broadroot; Mr. J. V. Bidgood, with Miss Ellen Underwood; Sergeant E. R. McKethan, with Miss Underwood; Mr. W. H. Mitchell, of Kinston, with Miss Blanch Thornton; Mr. Geo. B. Underwood, with Miss Lillian Taylor Slocomb; Capt. J. B. Tillinghast, with Miss Annie Troy Wetmore; Mr. L. D. Bullock, with Miss Mable Elliott; Mr. R. H. McDuffie, with Miss Bert Watson; Mr. Howell Fry, with Miss Fan Williams; Mr. A. H. Worth, Jr., with Miss Marion Mallett; Mr. C. D. Elliott, with Miss Kate Hawley; Mr. Eugene Watson, Miss Fan Kyle; Mr. J. A. McKethan, with Miss Alice Matthews; Mr. Edwin Cole, with Miss Ada Stuart; Mr. Chas. Haigh, Jr., with Miss Mary Alexander; Mr. H. P. Elliott, with Miss Bessie McNeill; Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Anderson; Dr. and Mrs. J. D MacRae; Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Williams.

Legislature Notes.

NOT TO ABOLISH CRIMINAL COURTS.

A joint caucus of Democratic members yesterday decided not to increase the number of Superior Courts, but to enlarge the powers of the two Criminal Courts and add to the Criminal Court districts those counties having congested calendars.

Governor Russell, in his message yesterday giving his reasons for the removal from the office of Railroad Commissioners J. W. Wilson and S. Otho Wilson, charges that both were interested in the operations and profits of the Southern railroad, and were thereby disqualified under the law to act as fair and impartial judges. That J. W. Wilson was mortgaged to A. B. Andrews, vice-president of the Southern railway, in the sum of $6,000, which he is unable to pay, and that Andrews and Wilson are joint owners of the Round Knob hotel, near Asheville, which hotel is dependent upon the railroad for its patronage.

This hotel, the Governor says was rented by A. B. Andrews and J. W. Wilson to the other railroad commissioner, S. Otho Wilson.

The Atlantic & Yadkin.

Friday morning's Wil. Messenger contains an advertisement by Messrs. H. Walters and B. F. Newcomer, on behalf of themselves and associates, purchasers of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley railway, giving notice that the purchase was made for a corporation under the name of the Atlantic and Yadkin Railway Company, and that the first meeting of the stockholders of that company will be held at 12 M, February 4th, at the offices of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company, in Wilmington.

To Move to the Country.

Mr. W. S. Maultsby Friday morning received the deed to the M. Faulk place on the Wilmington Road, and will next week move his family there. He will remodel and run the old grist mill and farm. He has not decided whether he will go out of the mercantile business or not.

Paul Perry, of Columbus, Ga, suffered agony for thirty years, and then cured his Piles by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It heals injuries and skin diseases like magic. King Bros.

THE BEST PRESCRIPTION FOR CHILLS

and fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. Never fails to cure; then why experiment with worthless imitations? Price 50 cents. Your money back if it fails to cure.

BUIST'S FRESH GARDEN SEEDS JUST RECEIVED at THE FAYETTEVILLE DRUG STORE

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE LEGISLATUR

WEDNESDAY.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock.

After a long debate $202 was allowed as election contest expenses before the senate by A. Cannon, who lost the seat from the Thirty-Fourth district.

The number of senate pages was reduced from ten to six.

Bills were introduced as follows:

By Senator Williams, to make a fence of lower Little River, Cumberland county. To provide primary elections for political parties. By Senator Robinson, to add new members to the board of county commissioners of Sampson. To allow surety companies to become surety for guardians, executors [practically re enacting the old democratic law]. To establish a state veterinary association.

In the House.

Bills were introduced as follows:

To allow administrators and executors of trustees in mortgages to make deeds to purchasers at sales under fore closure. To fix salaries of solicitors and require their fees to be turned in to the state treasurer. The bill to give magistrates final jurisdiction in cases for carrying concealed weapons was tabled.

The bill passed, allowing Fayetteville to receive 25 per cent. of last year's taxes in full settlement (that town being behind one year in taxes).

Mr. Robinson, of Cumberland, presented a petition signed by 1,172 citizens of Cumberland, protesting against repealing the dispensary law.

THURSDAY.

SENATE.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock.

Senator Fuller, colored, offered a memorial from that race. He said there had been considerable unrest among his people and they were now reluctant to fill contracts and obligations, so uncertain were they as to their future, but that representative men of his race in the State had decided to address the colored people, asking that they be better citizens and to address this body in the memorial submitted.

The memorial was read. In substance it begs for forbearance of the legislature on the colored public school question.

Reports of committees were favorable as to the following bills: To appoint extra commissioner for Caswell, Edgecombe and Sampson counties. To repeal the charter of Newberne, though not to invalidate any of its present debts.

Unfavorable reports were made on the following bills: To remove disabilities of married women. To punish lawyers who "conspire" to injury of clients.

The following bills were introduced: To extend the time for organizing the American Trust and Savings Company. To put a tax of $50 on billiard tables.

The Senate adjourned in honor of Lee's birthday.

IN THE HOUSE.

The house met at 10 o'clock.

The following bills were introduced: To repeal the act imposing the tax on inheritances. To incorporate the Inter-State Telephone and Telegraph Company. By Mr. McLean, of Richmond, to create the county of Scotland out of the four southern townships of Richmond county. (At his request the bill was read in full.) By Mr. Williams, of Dare, to create new wreck districts in Dare, Hyde, Currituck and Carteret. To protect people from courthouse rings (There was laughter at the title of this bill. For information it was read. It makes it unlawful for any board of county commissioners to employ any attorney when the latter is in any way connected with any bonded officer of the county or in any affairs in connection with the county commissioners and it further requires that all public improvement shall be let to the lowest responsible bidder after due publication.)

Representative Overman said: "Mr. Speaker, in honor of the memory of the world's greatest chieftain, Christian soldier, patriot and statesman, teacher of youth, exemplar of all that is brave, good and true, the south's greatest hero, General Robert E. Lee, I move that this house do now adjourn."

Mr. McLean, of Harnett, moved this be by a rising vote, but the speaker said the constitution required a yea and nay vote.

The motion of Mr. Overman was unanimously adopted.

"Jack the Ripper" in Germany.

By cable to the Observer.

Cologne, Jan. 20th.—"Jack the Ripper", who has terrorized Cologne during the past two weeks has transferred his operations to the town of Muenster, Westphalia. Two young women were stabbed there last night and terribly mutilated. "The Ripper" informed the Muenster police by letter that he was coming.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

PECULIAR TO OUR SOIL.

Catarrh is an American disease.

Mrs. Greger, Bagby, Tex., says: "Pe-ru-na has done so much good for me that I am able to do my own work."

Mr. Jacob Griffin, Elmer, Mich., writes: "I was very nervous and unable to work. I have taken several bottles of Pe-ru-na and am entirely well."

Esther Luther, Franklinsville, N. C., says: "I took your Pe-ru-na for deafness can hear now as well as I ever could."

Aug. Tryloff, Mt. Clemens, Mich., writes: "I had la grippe and it left me with a terrible cough. I took Pe-ru-na and was cured."

Mrs. E. Guest, Kearney, Buffalo Co., Neb., writes: "I took your Pe-ru-na for catarrh, and can say that I am now entirely cured of it."

H. Walter Brady, Cascade, Ark., says: "I had running ears. It was so offensive I excluded myself from all society. After I had borne it fourteen years I read Dr. Hartman's book called 'The Ills of Life.' I took seventeen dollars' worth of his remedies and am entirely cured."

The Inside Facts Relative to the Recent Deal of The Seaboard Air Line

New York Commercial.]

"The inside facts relative to the Seaboard Air Line deal are now exclusively announced in the Commercial for the first time. One of the strongest indications that the purchasers are not allied with the Southern Railway Company is the fact that Thomas F. Ryan is playing his last card for its possession. With the sale of the Seaboard Mr. Ryan, it is estimated, will lose fully $75,000, as he paid a very large price for the 3,000 shares of stock which he now holds. He has obtained an injunction, now dismissed, to prevent the transfer of the property, but it is now known that the transfer was made before the injunction became effective.

"The purchasers are all Southern capitalists, and not one has close relations with the owners of the Southern system. It is now known that the Seaboard will be back of an issue of $2,500,000 worth of bonds to be floated by the Richmond, Petersburg and Carolina railroad to complete this line between Richmond and a connection with the Seaboard Air Line at Ridgeway, N. C. This completes the competing system from Richmond to Atlanta, Ga.

"From Richmond to Quantico, Va., the Seaboard has the right to use the tracks of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac railroad on equal terms with any other line on account of a proviso in the charter of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac. From Quantico to Washington is to be built about thirty miles of line, including a bridge over the Potomac river, which will form a connection with the Baltimore and Ohio. Consequently the building of this line completes the system from Jersey City to Atlanta, Ga., in connection with the Pennsyvania, the Atlantic Coast Line and the Southern.

Transports for the Phillippines.

By telegraph to the Observer:

San Francisco, Jan, 20. The transports Scandia and Morgan City will sail for the Phillippines soon to carry a large food supply. On the Morgan City four thousand cases of canned meats and on the Scandia forty thousand pounds of frozen beef will be put aboard next Sunday morning.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L B Q on ea each tablet.

These are dangerous times for the health. Croup, colds and throat troubles lead rapidly to Consumption A bottle of One Minute Cough Cure used at the right time will preserve life, health and a large amount of money. Pleasant to take; children like it, King Bros.

How Is Your Wife?

Has she lost her beauty? If so, Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache are the principal causes. Karl's Clover Root Tea has cured these ills for half a century. Price 25 cts. and 50 cts. Money refunded if results are not satisfactory.

McDuffie's Drug Store.

"MONEY IN POULTRY."

One acre of Hens equals 200 acres of wheat. This booklet can be had FREE from the FAY'V'E DRUG STORE.

Probable Census Figures in 1900.

A Washington telegram says:

There will be a national census of the United States in the year 1900, immediately preceding the Presidential election of that year, but it will be without effect on the apportionment of electors in that election, for the changes it will involve will not be made until after its results have been submitted to Congress and passed upon by it

Between 1880 and 1890 the increase in the total population of the United States, without any increase of territory, was 12,000,000, and in the decade preceding, or from 1870 to 1880, it was also 12,000,000. The conclusion has been drawn accordingly that the population of this old territory in 1900 will be about 75,000 000. The addition of new territory acquired by the war will bring in a further population of 10,000,000 or 12 000 000, bringing up the total to between 85,000,000 and 90,000,000 inhabitants approximately. That such an increase is probable is indicated by State censuses taken since 1890 or by the returns of the vote at subsequent elections.

A census in Massachusetts in 1895 showed the total population of that Commonwealth to be 2,500,000 at that time, or a gain of 10 per cent. as compared with the national census of five years before. A like gain until 1900 would bring up the total to 2,650,000, approximately. New Jersey, which had 1,400,000 by the census of 1890, had 1,600,000 by the State census of 1895, and will probably have 1,800,000, if not more, by the national census of 1900. New York's population by the national census of 1890 was less than 3 000 short of 6,000,000. By the State census of 1892 it was 6,500,000, and there is very little doubt that New York will have a total population of 7,000,000 in 1900, or more than 40 per cent. more than the total population of the United States States in 1800 Minnesota had a population of 1,300,000 under the national census of 1890. It had a population of 1,500,000 by the State census of 1895, and the State seems likely to have 1 800,000, or the same as New Jersey, when the national census of 1900 is taken.

The United States is practically the only country in the world of which all the civic divisions show gains year after year and decade after decade. These gains, it is true, are remarkably small in a few of the New England States, notably those on or near the Canada border—Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont. But Maine is increasing in population slowly but steadily, and it has fallen behind in only one census since 1870, when the inhabitants were fewer by 1,300 than in 1860, a decrease, however, which was due entirely to losses in the civil war. New Hampshire, for the same cause and in the same census, fell behind in the census of 1870, departing from its rule of a steady increase in every census since the first taken in 1790. Vermont had 314.000 inhabitants in 1850; it had 332 000 in 1890, forty years later. The gain from year to year is almost infinitesimal, but there is some. It has never fallen behind, and there is no present reason to suppose that Vermont will show less population in 1900 than in 1890; probably it will show more.

In some of the other States there will be almost sensational increases. Nebraska had 450,000 population in 1880; it had 1,050,000 in 1890. The vote of the State, which was 87,000 in 1880, was 224,000 in 1896. Kansas increased 400,000 in population from 1880 to 1890, and a like increase until 1900 would bring up the total population in that year to 1,800,000. From present indications about that total will be the population of each of the States of Alabama, California, Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Jersey, North Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia and Wisconsin. New York will probably exceed seven of them; Pennsylvania will reach and may exceed six; Illinois and Ohio will not be far from 5,000,000 each, with Illinois somewhat ahead. Up to 1890 Ohio exceeded Illinois in population, but since 1890 a great increase in the population of Chicago and vicinity seems likely to keep the State well in advance. In Ohio there has been a marked increase in the population of Cleveland, but it is not observable in some of the other cities and some of the interior counties. One State which seems likely to show a large increase in population is Texas, Colorado and the mountain States will show very large increases, and also Oregon and Washington. In the South, Georgia and West Virginia, and in the lake regions Michigan are expected to do likewise.

In the matter of apportionment, of course, it is not solely the population which controls, for each State has two electors, irrespective of population, to correspond to its United States Senators, and accordingly there will be ninety electors following the next census, regardless of the membership of the House of Representatives, now 357. That membership may be increased or decreased, according to the will of Congress, but a Senatorial representation cannot be decreased by any law ful process. Should, therefore, the membership of the House remain as it is, the gains in representation, it may be assumed, will be limited to minor ones in the States of the West.

Good=Bye, Rheumatism.

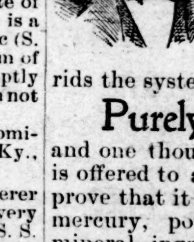
The Right Remedy Will Banish it Forever.

If you would forever be rid of the aches and pains, and sometimes the tortures produced by Rheumatism, you must take the right remedy. Those who continue to suffer are relying upon remedies which do not reach their trouble. The doctor's treatment always consists of potash and mercury, which only intensify the disease, causing the joints to stiffen and the bones to ache, besides seriously impairing the digestive organs.

Rheumatism is a disordered state of the blood, and the only cure for it is a real blood remedy. Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) goes down to the very bottom of all diseases of the blood, and promptly cures cases that other remedies can not reach.

Mr. E. K. S. Clinkenbeard, a prominent attorney of Mt. Sterling, Ky., writes:

"Two years ago I was a great sufferer from Rheumatism. I had tried every remedy I could hear of except S. S. S. I had been to Hot Springs, Ark., where I remained for twelve weeks under treatment, but I experienced no permanent relief, and returned home, believing that I would be a sufferer as long as I lived. At a time when my pains were almost unbearable, I chanced to read your advertisement and was impressed with it so much that I decided to try S. S. S. I took eleven bottles and was entirely relieved of all pain and cured permanently. When I began to take S. S. S. I was unable to sit or stand with any ease, and could not sleep. Since taking the last dose I have had no return of the Rheumatism, and I take great pleasure in recommending S. S. S to any one who has the misfortune to suffer with this disabling disease."



S.S.S. is the only cure for Rheumatism, which is the most stubborn of blood diseases. It is not intended to give relief only, but by completely neutralizing the acid condition of the blood it forces out every trace of the disease and rids the system of it forever. It is

Purely Vegetable

and one thousand dollars reward is offered to any chemist who can prove that it contains a particle of mercury, potash, or any other mineral ingredient. S. S. S. is the only blood remedy guaranteed to be absolutely free from mineral mixtures.

Books sent free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta. Ga.

La Grippe is again epidemic. Every precaution should be taken to avoid it. Its specific cure is One Minute Cough Cure. A. J. Sheperd, Publisher Agricultural Journal and Advertiser, Elden, Mo., says: "No one will be disappointed in using one Minute Cough Cure for La Grippe." Pleasant to take, quick to act. King Bros.

Tell Your Sister

A Beautiful Complexion is an impossibility without good pure blood, the sort that only exists in connection with good digestion, a healthy liver and bowels. Karl's Clover Root Tea acts directly on the bowels, liver and kidneys keeping them in perfect health. Price 25 and 50 cents.

McDuffie's Drug Store.

BUIST'S WHITE & YELLOW ONION SETS, PEAS, BEANS AND N. C. COLLARD SEED at The Fayetteville Drug Store.

One Minute Cough Cure, cures.
That is what it was made for.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

STOP SMOKING!

Streets with you whether you continue the nerve-killing tobacco habit. NO-TO-BAC removes the desire for tobacco, without nervous distress, expels nicotine, purifies the blood, restores lost manhood. makes you strong in health, nerve and pocket-book. 400,000 boxes sold. 400,000 cases cured. Buy NO-TO-BAC from your own druggist, who will vouch for us. Take it with a will, patiently, persistently. One box, $1, usually cures; 3 boxes, $2.50, guaranteed to cure, or we refund money. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Montreal, New York.

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The Weekly Sun publishes *all* the news of each week, giving complete accounts of all events of interest throughout the world. The Weekly Sun is unsurpassed as an

AGRICULTURAL PAPER.

It is edited by writers of practical experience, who know what farming means and what farmers want in an agricultural journal. It contains regular reports of the work of the Agricultural experiment stations throughout the country, of the proceedings of farmers' clubs and institutes, and the discussion of new methods and ideas in agriculture. Its Market Reports, Poultry Department and Veterinary column are particularly valuable to country readers. The Poultry Department is edited by a well-known poultry expert, and every issue contains practical information of value for poultry raisers. Poultry on many farms has become a great source of revenue, and those interested in this profitable industry will find the Poultry Department of the Weekly Sun invaluable in the way of suggestions, advice and information. Every issue contains Stories, Poems, Household and Puzzle Columns, a variety of interesting and instructive selected matter and other features, which make it a welcome visitor in city and country homes alike.

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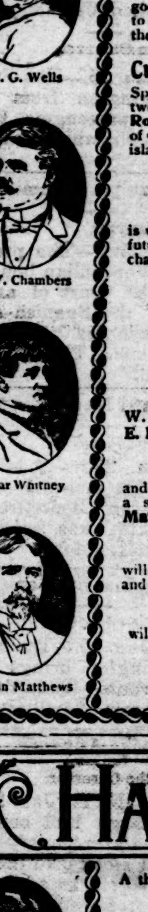
THE NATION'S WEEKLY



H. G. Wells
R. W. Chambers
Caspar Whitney
Franklin Matthews

Will continue to give week by week during 1899, by means of illustrations and text, all the important news of the world in a clear and concise manner.

POLITICS

Independent of parties, devoted to good government, it will not hesitate to approve or disapprove, whatever the situation may be.

ART

The leading artists of the country will contribute to the pages of the WEEKLY, as heretofore, making it the foremost illustrated weekly.

Cuba and the Philippines

Special articles will appear on these two countries by Messrs. Phil. Robinson and F. D. Millet, both of whom made special journeys to the islands.

Hawaii and Porto Rico

These places will be similarly treated by Caspar Whitney and W. Dinwiddie, who likewise made a study of the places

. . . THE BEST . . .

PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE YEAR

is what HARPER'S WEEKLY has been in the past and will be in the future. The great work accomplished in the late Spanish-American war is characteristic of the WEEKLY'S live and energetic policy.

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WHEN THE SLEEPER WAKES. By H. G. Wells
WITH SWORD AND CRUCIFIX. By E. S. Van Zile
THE CONSPIRATORS By R. W. Chambers

Some Short-Story Contributors

W. E. Norris, Owen Hall, F. J. McCarthy, H. S. Merriman, E. F. Benson, H. S. Williams, John Corbin, M. S. Briscoe

THE WEST

and its industries will be treated in a series of articles by Franklin Matthews.

ALASKA

and its resources will be the subject of a series of papers by Edward J. Spurr.

The London Letter

will be written by Arnold White, and will be full of timely matter.

This Busy World

by E. S. Martin, will continue to amuse and instruct its readers.

AMATEUR ATHLETICS

will be continued weekly by its well-known editor, Mr. Caspar Whitney

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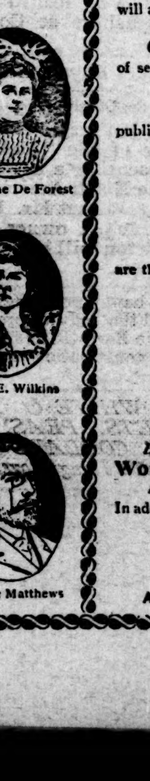

S. R. Crockett
Katharine De Forest
Mary E. Wilkins
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A thoroughly up-to-date weekly periodical devoted to fashions for women, will be, during 1899, as heretofore,

A MIRROR OF FASHIONS

Exclusive models of gowns from Paris, London, and New York will be published each week.

The Paris Letter *By KATHARINE DE FOREST*

The London Letter *By a Special Correspondent*

The New York Letter *By ANNIE T. ASHMORE*

will aid women in all those little points of fashion matters that are such helps keeping one dressed in good taste.

Cut Paper Patterns

of selected gowns will be furnished at a nominal cost.

Outline Patterns

will be published free every other week in supplementary form.

COLORED FASHION PLATES

published once a month, will assist women in selecting the proper colors for dress.

FICTION

Kit Kennedy *By S. R. CROCKETT*
The Meloon Farm *By MARIA LOUISE POOL*
A Confident To-Morrow *By BRANDER MATTHEWS*

are three serial stories to appear in 1899 that have seldom been equalled in plot and treatment.

SHORT STORY CONTRIBUTORS

Christine T. Herrick, Harriet P. Spofford, Mary E. Wilkins, Margaret S. Briscoe, Ella W. Peattie, Caroline Ticknor, Marion Harland, Ruth McEnery Stuart

SPECIAL ARTICLES TO APPEAR

The Busy Mother *By A. W. McCULLOUGH*
The Deaf Child *By Mrs. ANNIE RAMSEY*
Women Earning a Living *By HELEN DOUGLAS*
After College, What? *By ADALINE W. STERLING*

In addition to these there will be many others, all of instructive value to women.

A SPECIAL OFFER: FOUR WEEKS FOR 25 cts.

10 Cents a Copy *$4 00 a Year*

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NOTICE TO ALL CREDITORS OF THE CAPE FEAR AND YADKIN VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA AT WILMINGTON—IN EQUITY.

THE FARMERS LOAN AND TRUST COMPAN vs. THE CAPE FEAR AND YADKIN VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY *et al.*

CONSOLIDATED CAUSE.

The undersigned Special Master, by an order entered in the above entitled consolidated cause, dated the 24th day of December 1898, has been directed to investigate all claims and demands against the said Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway Company, or John Gill, the Receiver thereof, and report the same to said Court.

Therefore all persons, firms and corporations having or claiming to have any demand or claim against the said Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway Company, or John Gill, Receiver thereof, (except the holders of bonds secured by recorded mortgages on said property, or some part thereof, and except those who were required by the order passed in this cause on the 10th day of December, 1894, to make proof of their claims in this Court on or before the first day of February, 1895) are hereby notified and required to file their respective claims in writing and under oath with the undersigned Special Master at his office, in the office of the Clerk of the United States Circuit Court at Wilmington, North Carolina, on or before the TENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1899; "to the end that the character, validity, amount and priorities upon the corporate property or income thereof of each such debt, claim or demand, may be determined upon and reported on by said Special Master unto the Court."

The Court further decrees in said order "that should any person, firm or corporation, holding any claim or demand against the said Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway Company, or against John Gill, the Receiver thereof, which said claim or demand by this order, is required to be filed with said Special Master, fail or neglect to file such claim or demand as in this order provided, on or before said TENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1899, then, and in that event, every such creditor or claimant, (unless for good cause shown to the Court the time for such filing be extended.) shall be forever barred and precluded from asserting any claim, lien or right of payment against the corporate property of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway Company in the custody of the Court or of the Receiver, and shall not be included in any distribution of the proceeds of the sale of said property or any part thereof, or in the distribution of the income of such property."

Wilmington, N. C., January 4th, 1899.

E. S. MARTIN,
Special Master.

Jan. 6, 13, 20, 27, Feb. 3.

Auction Sale of Accounts and Machinery.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, made by Judge Bynum at Chambers on December 30th, 1898, I will expose to sale, at public auction to the highest bidder, all accounts owed to Manchester Cotton Mills, and at time unsatisfied, which accounts are against numerous persons and in different amounts. All persons indebted to said Manchester Cotton Mills will avoid having the accounts against them sold at auction by making payment between now and the date of sale. All accounts against said corporation must be verified and filed with me on or before February 6th, 1899.

At the same time and place I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, two slubbers, which are now located at Manchester Factory, where they can be seen.

Place of sale: Court House door in Fayetteville.

Time of sale: Monday, February 6th, 1899.

Terms cash.

J. S HUNTER,
Receiver.

N. A. Sinclair,
H. McD. Robinson.
Attorneys.

January 6, 1899-ts

FOR RENT.

The Davis House.

This house is situated in the healthiest and most convenient part of St. Pauls Convenient to school and church and suitable for a hotel. Address

ALEX. DAVIS,
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Fayetteville Insurance Agents.

THE ÆTNA

Is the Strongest American Fire Insurance Co.

Has been doing business continuously since 1819.
Her Reputation is the best to-day
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Notice of Sale Under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain mortgage, executed by J. R. Deal and wife. which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland County in Book P, No. 4, page 400, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz:

Two (2) houses and lots on the west side of North street or the road in continuation of said street, near the Northern limit of Fayetteville, known as the Jane Deal Lots.

Place of sale. Court House in Fayetteville, N. C.

Time of sale: 12 o'clock, Monday, February 6th 1899.

Terms of sale: Cash.

N. W RAY, Mortgagee.

NORTH CAROLINA,
CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

In the Superior Court—Before the Clerk

S. P. Denning, for himself and in behalf of all other Creditors of D. A C. Denning, deceased

Versus

C. C. McClellan, Administrator of D. A. C. Denning, deceased.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors of the deceased, D. A. C. Denning, to appear before me on or before February the 6, 1899, the return day of the summons herein, and file the evidences of their claims. A. A. McKETHAN, C. S. C,
Cumberland County.

December 28, 1898.—[oaw 6t

Land Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, rendered at the May Term, 1898, in an action entitled A. H. Slocomb against John C. Ray and wife, the undersigned will expose to sale to the highest bidder for CASH, at the Market House in the city of Fayetteville, on the

25th Day of January, 1899,

at 12 o'clock M., the following described lands, to wit: "Located in Quewhiffle township, adjoining lands of D J Patterson, J. A. Gillis, M. D. Bethune and others, being the same tract of land conveyed to John C. Ray by John McDonald about the year 1868, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland county, to which reference is made for a more particular discription." The tract contains about 150 acres.

The sale is subject to the contingent dower interest of Mary A. Ray.

December 24th, 1898.

H. L. COOK,
Commissioner.

Administratrix Notice.

Having qualified as administratrix upon the estate of A. J. Davis, deceased, this is to give notice to all creditors to present their claims to me on or before December 8th, 1899, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. Persons indebted to said estate will please settle.

ANN DAVIS,
Adm'r of A. J. Davis.

C. W. BROADFOOT, Attorney.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as Administrator upon the estate of Mrs. Mary F. Cook, deceased, this is to give notice to all creditors to present their clams to me on or before December 12th, 1899, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. Persons indebted to said estate will please settle.

A. J. COOK,
Adm'r Mrs. M. F. Cook.

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Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

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GEO. W. CLYDE......Saturday January 21st
ONEIDA..............Saturday, January 28th

WILMINGTON, N. C., FOR NEW YORK

ONEIDA..............Saturday, January 21st
GEO. W. CLYDE.......Saturday, January 28th

WILMINGTON, N. C. for GEORGE TOWN, S. C.

GEO. W. CLYDE......Tuesday January 24th
ONEIDA..............Tuesday January 31th

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Wilmington, N. C.

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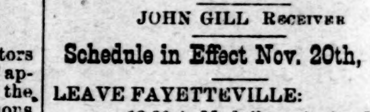
5 Bowling Green, N. Y.

W. P. CLYDE & Co, General Agents.



C. F. & Y. V. CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RAILWAY.

JOHN GILL RECEIVER

Schedule in Effect Nov. 20th, 1898.

LEAVE FAYETTEVILLE:

12:20 A. M daily. Arrive Sanford 1:43 P M; Greensboro 4:15 P. M Walnut Cove 5:44 P. M.; Mt. Airy 7 35 P. M.

4 02 P. M. daily. Arrive Roseboro 4:52 P. M.; Wilmington 7:05 P. M.

4:33 P. M. daily. Arrive Red Springs 5:35 P. M.; Maxton 6:09 P. M.; Bennettsville 7:15 P. M.

ARRIVE FAYETTEVILLE:

12 M daily from Wilmington and Roseboro.

3:52 P. M. daily from Mt. Airy, Walnut Cove, Greensboro, Sanford and all points North and South.

10:40 A. M. daily from Bennettsville, Maxton and Red Springs.

Local Freight Trains Nos. 7 and 8 with coach attached between Fayetteville and Wilmington.

J. W. FRY, General Manager.
W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent

Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road AND BRANCHES AND FLORENCE RAILROAD.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

	No 23, Daily.	No 35, Daily.	No. 103 D'ly ex Sunday.	No 41, Daily.	No 49, Daily.
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M
Leave Weldon	12 00	9 43			
Ar Rocky Mt.	1 11	10 36			
Leave Tarboro	12 38		6 00		
Lv Rocky Mt,	1 15	10 36	6 45	5 40	1 10
Leave Wilson	2 15	11 16	7 19	6 22	2
Leave Selma	3 15	......			
Lv Fayetteville	4 30	1 07			
Ar Florence	7 35	3 15			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Ar Goldsboro	......	......	8 00	......	......
Lv Goldsboro	......	......		7 01	3 20
Lv Magnolia	......	......		8 05	4 24
Ar Wilmington	......	......		9 30	5 50
			P. M.	A. M.	P. M

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 78 Daily	No. 102, D'ly ex Sunday.	No 32, Daily	No 40 Daily.	No 48, Daily
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 50		7 50		
Lv Fayetteville	12 25		9 42		
Leave Selma	1 50				
Arrive Wilson	2 35		11 35		
		A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington				7 15	9 30
Lv Magnolia				8 55	10
Lv Goldsboro		5 00		10 10	12 05
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M	P. M.
Leave Wilson	2 35	5 38	12 12	11 20	12 55
Ar Rocky Mt.	3 29	6 15	12 49	11 57	1 37
Ar Tarboro		6 45			
Leave Tarboro	12 31				
Lv Rocky Mt.	3 29		12 49		
Arrive Weldon	4 33		1 42		
	P. M.		A. M	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:55 P M, Halifax 4:30 P M, arrives Scotland Neck at 5:20 P M, Greenville 6:57 P M., Kinston 7:55 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 A M., Greenville 8:52 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:18 A M, Weldon 11.33 A M, daily except Sunday

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 A. M., and 2:30 P. M., arrive Parmele 9:10 A. M., and 4:00 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:35 A. M. and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington 11:00 A. M., and 7:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:30 P M, Sunday, 4:15 P M, arrives Plymouth 7:40 P M, 6:10 P M; Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 A M, and Sunday 9:00 A M, arrives Tarboro 10:05 A M., 11:00 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 7:10 A M, arriving Smithfield 8:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9:00 A. M; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 A M.

Trains on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:05 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8:00 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrives Rocky Mount 9:05 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 8 10 A M. and 4:15 P M. Returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 A M., and 10:00 A. M.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points north daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMMERSON, Gen'l Pass Agent,

J. R. KENLEY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMMERSON, Traffic Manag'r.